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COMMENT OF THE DAY

His Last Message

LIKE his last State of the Union message, Mr Truman's final broadcast as President of the United States illuminates the fundamental qualities of a man who, for all his controversial domestic policies, stands with the late President Roosevelt as a great champion and guardian of the free world and its ideals. What a fateful chance it was that brought the Man from Missouri to the leadership of the world's most powerful State at the very time that it had to change course. Even to follow the mighty Roosevelt was a hard thing as Truman knew when he said: "Pray for me!" But he did it successfully even though his administration may not have been without blemish. As Mr Truman has said more than once, the greatest part of the President's job is to make decisions, and during his eight years in office he has never shirked from this responsibility. By almost a split-second decision he plunged into the Korean war, and thereby gave notice that Communist aggression everywhere would be challenged and halted. He introduced the Truman Doctrine and sanctioned the Marshall Plan. He gave the first order to drop the atomic bomb. All these actions needed courage—and Mr Truman proved that he has it.

THE free world owes much to this man with the infectious grin and the lion heart. It was typical that his final State of the Union message should give warning of the "corrosive process of fear, sapping our faith, turning citizen against citizen." Equally typical was the declaration in his last broadcast to the people: "I have a deep and abiding faith in the destiny of free men. With patience and courage we shall some day move into a new era—a wonder Golden Age—an age when we can use the peaceful tools Science has forged for us to do away with poverty and human misery everywhere on earth." Courage and faith are two of Mr Truman's outstanding characteristics, and because of them he is entitled to demand that the free world should cast off fear. It never pays to underestimate an opponent, but to fear him paralyzes the mainsprings of action. It was because Hitler and Mussolini were feared before 1939 that the war began. It was because they were no longer feared in 1940 that the war was won by the democracies. Russia is a colossus, not to be ignored or laughed off. But she too, may have feet of clay, and the free world concedes her half the battle now being waged. It trembles at her name. That is Mr Truman's message. It is a notable last thought to round off an historic tenure of office.

Off Shore Oil Rights Given To US Navy

Washington, Jan. 15. President Truman said today that he was issuing an executive order turning over to the United States Navy oil under the lands off the shores of the United States.

President Truman disclosed his decision at his last press conference before leaving the Presidency next week.

The executive order will be President Truman's last move in the controversy whether the Federal Government or the state governments are entitled to ownership of the oil coming from vast deposits stretching out under the sea, particularly in the Gulf of Mexico and the Pacific.

TRUMAN'S FAREWELL

BROADCAST

Faith In Destiny Of Free Men

PREDICTS COLLAPSE OF COMMUNISM

Washington, Jan. 15.

In a farewell speech to the nation at the end of almost eight years in the chief executive's office, President Truman said the menace of Communism would collapse eventually because of its own fatal flaws and that when peace came there would be such prosperity that people would not recognise the world in which they now lived.

The President spoke before radio microphones and television cameras from a desk in his office at the White House.

He said he supposed history would record the "cold war" as the overshadowing feature of his eight years as President, but it could also record that he helped to set the course to win it and prevent World War III, and had brought great new benefits to the people of the United States.

He again rejected the idea that the world be freed from the Communist menace by atomic attack on Russia. "Starting war is no way to make peace," he stated.

Appeal Of 9 Mau Mau Dismissed

Nairobi, Jan. 15.

The Court of Appeal, Eastern African Court sitting here, dismissed the appeals of nine Kikuyus convicted of Mau Mau murders.

They were convicted for the murder of headman Kiambo on September 26, the murder of an agricultural inspector on October 20 and that of a police constable on October 22.

All the applicants returned to prison to await execution.

Four hundred steel-helmeted troops of the King's Rifles and 50 regular police reservists threw a cordon round an African location at Nakuru before dawn today.

Nearly 3,000 Africans were held for screening but those whose documents were in order were not detained.

Several hundreds of those screened were detained to answer various charges.

The raid followed the discovery of the decapitated body of a school teacher a few miles from the location and violence against an elderly African who was nearly strangled.

The Governor of Kenya, Sir Evelyn Baring, has appointed a commission of inquiry to investigate the murder in hospital of Kikuyu Chief Hinga.

Chief Hinga was shot dead at Klambo near Nairobi on January 4 by an unknown tribesman who walked unnoticed into the Government hospital where the chief was recovering from wounds received in an ambush.—Reuter.

He said a third world war would not only dig the grave of the Communist enemies but also of free world society.

Describing how the cold war might end, he said in part: "The Communist world has great resources and it looks strong. But there is a fatal flaw in their society. There is a godless system—a system of slavery. There is no freedom of thought, no consent. The Iron Curtain police are constantly purged."

"All these are symptoms of a great basic weakness—the rulers' fear of their own people. As the free world grows stronger, more united, more attractive to men on both sides of the Iron Curtain—and as Soviet hopes for easy expansion are blocked—then there will have to come the time of change in the Soviet world."

CHANGE WILL OCCUR

"Nobody can be sure when that is going to be, or exactly what it will come about, whether by revolution or by change inside the Kremlin. Whether the Communist rulers shift their policies of their own free will or whether a change comes about in some other way, I have no doubt in the world that a change will occur."

"I have a deep and abiding faith in the destiny of free men. With patience and courage we shall some day move on into a new era—a wonder Golden Age—an age when we can use the peaceful tools Science has forged for us to do away with poverty and human misery everywhere on earth."

"Think what can be done once our capital, our atomic energy—can be released from the task of defence and turned wholly to peaceful purposes all around the world. There is no end to what can be done."

"I can't help but dream out loud a little here."

"The Tigris and Euphrates Valley can be made to bloom as it did in the times of Babylon and Nineveh. Israel can be made a country of milk and honey as it was in the time of Joshua. There is a plateau in Ethiopia some six to eight thousand feet high that has 65,000 square miles of land just exactly like the corn belt in Northern Illinois. Enough food can be raised there to feed 100,000,000 people."

CAN BE DONE

"There are places in South America—places in Colombia and Venezuela and Brazil—just like that plateau in Ethiopia—places where food could be raised for millions of people. These things can be done and they are self-liquidating projects. If we can get peace and safety in the world under the United Nations, developments will come so fast we will not recognise the world in which we now live."

Reviewing the conditions under which he took office, Mr Truman said, "The greatest part of the President's job is to make decisions."

He recalled that when he took office "the war against Japan was still going on."

"I made the decision that the atomic bomb had to be used to end it. I made that decision in the conviction that it would save hundreds of thousands of lives—Japanese as well as American."

He continued: "Think of the difference between our course now and our course 30 years ago... think back for a moment to 1930 and you will see the difference. The Japanese moved into Manchuria and we did not act. The Nazis moved into Austria, into Czechoslovakia, and free men were paralysed for lack of strength and unity and will."

SPEED AND COURAGE

He said that since World War II free men had moved against the "Communist threat" with speed and courage and decisiveness.

"The first crisis came in 1945 and 1946 when the Soviet Union refused to honour its agreement to remove its troops from Iran. Members of my Cabinet came to me and asked if we were ready to take the risk that a firm stand involved. I replied that we were... and the Soviet troops were withdrawn."

After mentioning other decisive moves, Mr Truman said: "Most important of all, we acted in Korea... It was not easy to make the decision that sent American boys again into battle... (but) we realised the issue was whether there would be fighting now or on a much larger scale later on..."

"So the decision was reached—a decision I believe was the most important in my time as President."

"There has been a tremendous awakening of American conscience on the great issues of civil rights—equal economic opportunities, equal rights of citizenship and equal educational opportunities for all our people, whatever their race or religion or status of birth."

"So, as I empty the drawers of this desk, and Mrs Truman and I leave the White House, we have no regret. We feel we have done our best in public service."

"I hope and believe we have contributed to the welfare of this nation and to the peace of the world."—United Press.

Robbed Of His Kilt

Edinburgh, Jan. 15.

The glory of a Scotman who lost his kilt was told in an Edinburgh court today.

The victim, a 20-year-old male nurse, was robbed of the kilt and sporran he was wearing as he walked home late at night.

John McKenzie, 20, who pleaded to the assault was sent to jail for 18 months.

"A brutal assault," commented the sheriff.—Reuter.



Many reports have been received in recent months of strange items seen in the sky in different parts of the world. The latest comes from Bulawayo, Southern Rhodesia. Mr Barney Wayne, Manager of a Bulawayo photographic studio, was driving north along the City's Main Street, when he saw a silver object in the sky. He stopped the car and snapped the phenomenon, using a camera speed of 1/100th sec. He went to his office and was about to enter the building when he saw the object again. He made another exposure. The "phenomenon" looked like a silver object of indefinite shape. The negatives have been examined by pressmen and other individuals and have been found to be genuine.—London Express.

Rejection Of British Note Forecast

London, Jan. 15.

Reports from Cairo published in a section of the London press today predicted that the latest British note to the Egyptian government on the future status of Sudan was likely to be rejected.

The Egyptian Cabinet was reported to have studied yesterday the text of the note given by the British Ambassador, Sir Ralph Stevenson, to Mahmoud Fawzi, the Egyptian Foreign Minister, on Monday.

Major Saleh Salem, the architect of the agreement between Egypt and the four Sudanese political parties at Khartoum on Jan. 10 on the future of the South Sudan, was quoted by one newspaper as saying in Cairo yesterday: "The British note will be rejected."

The main point of difference throughout the Anglo-Egyptian talks on the Sudan is over Britain's insistence that the Governor-General should be vested with exceptional powers, including special responsibility, for the South Sudan.

Britain emphasises that the Governor-General should retain power to veto Sudanese legislation that he felt was against the interests of the backward people of the Southern provinces.

The expected meeting between the Egyptian Prime Minister, General Naguib, and the British Ambassador has not so far taken place, and reports indicated that the Egyptian government's reaction to the latest British note would be conveyed to Sir Ralph today.—Reuter.

French Premier For London

Paris, Jan. 15.

Prime Minister Rene Mayer said tonight that he would go to Britain to see Prime Minister Winston Churchill before his United States visit to General Eisenhower.

M. Mayer told journalists here that he will be accompanied by the Foreign Minister, M. Bidault, the Finance Minister, M. Maurice Bourges-Maurud, and the Minister for Economic Affairs, M. Robert Buron.

M. Mayer said no date had been fixed for either visit.—Reuter.

Jewish Leaders Flee East Germany

Berlin, Jan. 15.

Four Jewish leaders from East Germany, all Communists, fled today to West Berlin to escape persecution.

They said their flight would be a signal to the remaining Jews in East Germany to join the refugee stream to the West.

A spokesman said: "This is the saddest day for the Jews in Germany since Hitler. Jews in East Germany are living in a state of panic."

The four men brought their families with them. The group totalled 22.

It was the largest organised group escape of Jews since East Germany launched an attack against "Jewish agents" on January 4.

The four Jewish leaders are: Julius Meyer, President of all Jewish communities in East Germany and Deputy in the East German People's Parliament; Teimuth-Lohser, Chairman of the Jewish community in Leipzig; Leo Loewenkov, Chairman of the Dresden Jewish community and Gunter Singer, Chairman of the Erfurt (Thuringia) Jewish community.

They were all members of the East German Socialist Unity (Communist) party.

The only Jewish communities in East Germany left with a Chairman are those at Magdeburg and Halle.

The leaders fled on a pre-arranged signal to escape state security officials they have been housed by the West Berlin Jewish community.—Reuter.

SEEKING SAFETY

Amsterdam, Jan. 15.

Recent Prague and Moscow anti-Jewish events have skyrocketed the number of applications for emigration by the Jewish community in the Netherlands; it was learned here today.

Over the past fortnight the number of Jewish persons who have registered for emigration has increased from 3,000 to 4,000 and is still growing, Dr Gerhard Tausig, head of the Emigration Office of the Bureau of Jewish Social Work, said today.

He said there had been little desire among the roughly estimated 20,000 members of the Jewish community in the Netherlands to emigrate in the past few years, not even to Israel. The requests are mainly for emigration to the US and Canada, Tausig said.

"The reason Jews are anxious to get away is that they find Berlin very close to the Netherlands, and they are not so sure the Russians will not come here," Dr J. Milman, editor in chief of the Jewish weekly, Nieuw Israëli Weekblad, said, commenting on the rise in applications for emigration.

"They have not forgotten their World War... II experiences. After Korea the fear was for another war. This time the fear is that in the event the Russians will come here they will again receive a special treatment."

A Jewish photographer here said: "In 1940 we did not like the idea of a war. But after our World War II experiences

No One Knows Just What This Is

Former Gauleiter Arrested

Seventh Ex-Nazi To Be Detained

Bonn, Jan. 15.

The British today followed up the arrest of six former prominent Nazis by picking up "for examination" Hitler's former Gauleiter for Hamburg, Karl Kaufman.

The German Government also struck at the threatened Nazi revival by moving to deprive Otto Remer, former General and then deputy leader of the banned Neo-Nazi Socialist Reichs Party, of his constitutional rights.

The Interior Minister, Herr Robert Leber, announced that the request had been lodged with the Constitutional Court. Sir Ivor Kirkpatrick, as High Commissioner, Britain's chief representative in Germany, announced the British swoop to reporters today.—Reuter.

BOMBHELL EFFECT

London, Jan. 15.

Unearthing of the Nazi plot shocked political and diplomatic circles here who regard it as a bombshell on Allied plans to give West Germany virtual sovereignty and to rearm her.

The arrests shook even the strongest adherents of the policy of the "new deal" for Germany. Opponents of the programme drew immediate support for the view that West Germany was still not prepared for full nationhood on Western Democratic lines.

At the same time, there is almost universal sympathy for Chancellor Dr Konrad Adenauer and his Moderate colleagues who have striven hard to wipe out extremism of every kind in the Federal Republic.

On the Continent, spokesmen of German and French political parties today expressed alarm at the possible resurgence of Nazism, but some said that the arrest of the six last night should not be exaggerated.

Most German spokesmen regretted that the action had been taken by British and not German authorities.

The party board of the opposition Social Democratic party issued a press statement: "The arrests alarm us extremely. They really signify a danger for our Republic—the infiltration of neo-fascist elements into the parties right of the Social Democrats."

"It is regrettable that a measure of an occupying power was necessary to uncover the conspiracy."

But the party's press service said it would be incorrect to dramatise the British arrests. The majority of the German people were immune against a revival of Nazi ideas. The post-war elections had proved this.

In Paris the French Foreign Office declined to comment on the arrests and said that, as far as was known here, no similar Nazi underground organisation existed in the French zone of Germany.—Reuter.

Washington Explosion

Washington, Jan. 15.

At least one person was killed and some 20 injured when a strong explosion occurred in a building here today.

The explosion followed a fire which broke out earlier in the building.

Among the persons known to be injured were 25 firemen, 15 of them seriously.

They were fighting the fire from their ladders when the blast of the explosion blew them onto the street below.

Other people in the street were thrown to the ground with glass from all the shattered windows in the building raining on them.

The cause of the explosion is not yet known.—France-Press.

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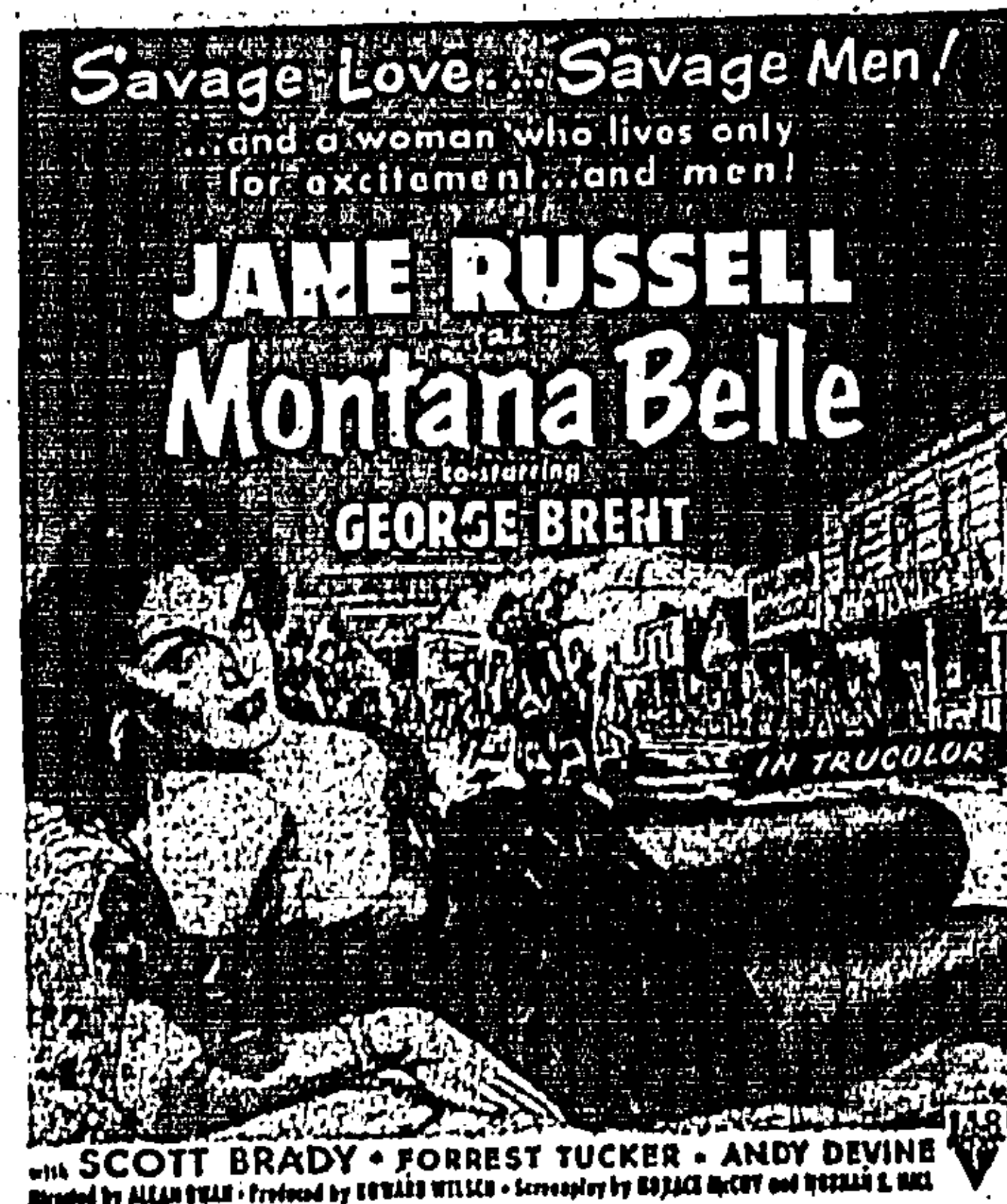
GILMANS

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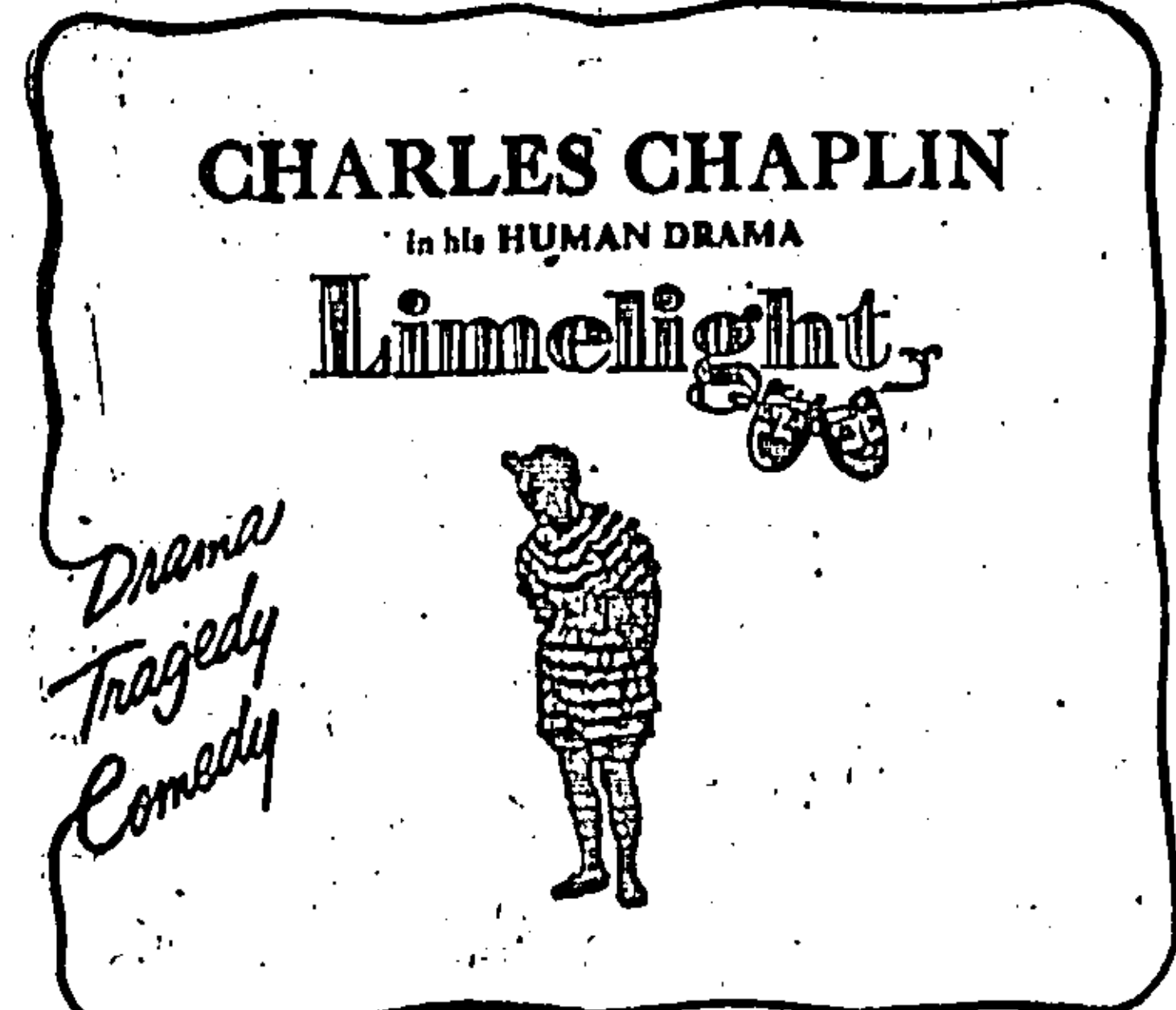
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NEW KOREA PEACE MOVE?

Speculation Over Next Month's Assembly Session

New York, Jan. 15. The Foreign Ministers of Britain, France and the other NATO countries are expected to attend the United Nations General Assembly when it resumes its seventh session here on February 24. Writers on United Nations topics agree that top-rank national leaders will lead most delegations, at any rate at the start, an unusual thing for the second half of an interrupted session. Some experts asserted that the British and French Foreign Ministers, Mr. Anthony Eden and M. Georges Bidault would bring with them diplomats of Cabinet rank to assist them.

Two questions already on the Assembly's agenda are of East-West significance.

These are:
1. What should the United Nations do if the Communists do not agree to a Korean armistice, and
2. The relationship of the United Nations to the host country in regard to its international personnel.

To these controversial issues may be added a third: A complaint by Israel against alleged anti-Jewish measures in Eastern Europe.

While the exact scope of the Israeli complaint is not yet known, it was expected, in any case, to focus attention on the other two issues on the attitude of the Asian-Arab bloc. The Arab group does not cooperate with Israel.

U.S. KOREA POLICY
At present, the administration is in power for nearly a month, with full opportunities to arrive at a clear-cut decision regarding Korea and other matters before the Assembly.

The new President could, if he wanted, address the General Assembly, but so far there have been no indications that he would do so.

Particular importance was attached to the role of the President of the Assembly, Mr. Lester B. Pearson, Foreign Minister of Canada, who had been requested at the last session to ascertain China's views on the Korean question. A leading Canadian paper, the Montreal Star, in a report from the United Nations today, foresaw "prolongation of the plenary meetings."

The paper said: "These prospects are enhanced by the report that India, at the head of the Asian bloc of nations, may make a new and dramatic attempt to end the Korean war by a General Assembly resolution."

CHANCE FOR SOVIET
Indian sources were unable to throw any light on this speculation. The Montreal Star's report also said: "If the Asians are going to intervene in Korea again with an appeal that is bound to command world attention, the Soviets are not likely to miss the chance of getting in on the act in some way. This accordingly increases the possibility that Mr. Vyshinsky or M. Gromyko will be on hand for the last week in February."

Some countries are expected to send with their delegations, experts on international civil service, with particular reference to the experience of the League of Nations.

India was one of the countries that asked the Secretary-General to place on the Assembly's agenda the question of U.N. personnel policies.

As this problem vitally concerns the future of the United Nations, it is expected its headquarters will be expected to provide an extremely heated debate.—Reuter.

LINER FORCED TO RETURN

London, Jan. 15. The Peninsular and Orient liner Strathmore, 23,580 tons, which left Tilbury last night with 900 passengers for India, Ceylon and Australia, returned to port today with engine trouble. The liner is expected to be delayed for about a week, a P. and O. official said. Passengers included Air Vice-Marshal Sir Robert George, who was on his way to take up his appointment as Governor of South Australia.—Reuter.

JAPANESE DIPLOMATS CONFER

Paris, Jan. 15. Japanese diplomats stationed in Europe and the Near East gathered at the Japanese Embassy here today for a three-day conference during which they will hold a general exchange of ideas.

A Japanese Embassy spokesman said the meetings did not represent a formal conference and no precise agenda had been drawn up.

The Japanese diplomatic representatives, holding such a conference for the first time since the peace treaty was signed 10 months ago, will exchange information on the situation in their respective countries, review Japan's trade with Europe and the Near East and discuss the general world situation.

The Japanese Ambassador in London, Mr. Sunichi Matsumoto, is presiding over the meeting which is also being attended by Mr. Shima, head of the European division at the Japanese Office in Tokyo.

Japanese diplomats from the following capitals are taking part in the conference: London, Paris, Brussels, The Hague, Rome, Stockholm, Bern, Geneva, Belgrade, Bonn, Cairo and the Vatican.—Reuter.

Women Plan To Enter Big Air Race

Melbourne, Jan. 15. Four women are planning to fly on Avro Ansons from London to New Zealand in the Centenary Air Race in October. The plane was formerly used by the Duke of Gloucester while Governor-General of Australia.

They bought it from the Government at a nominal figure and are now looking for finance—about £22,500—for petrol. The women are Mrs. Freda Thompson who has already flown twice solo from England to Australia; Mrs. Gertrude McKenzie (who has 1,200 flying hours); Mrs. Constance Jordan, Australia's only woman aeronautical engineer who has 500 solo hours; and Mrs. Evelyn Koren, 200 solo hours.

First prize in the handicap division of the Air Race is £10,000.—Reuter.

Taking Sting Out Of Bee-Keeping

Chichester, Jan. 15. A new strain of non-stinging, non-swarming bees has been developed by artificially inseminating queen bees under an anaesthetic.

This was announced by Dr. C. W. Read, chairman of the West Sussex Beekeepers Association, who said the strain is the result of five years of painstaking work with micro-scope instruments.

The bees, known as Strain No. 58, were developed for use in bee-keeping instruction for children.

Dr. Read said that four or five generations of selected bees had been experimented with every year for the past five years. The experiments included the artificial insemination of queen bees after the bees had been anaesthetised with carbon dioxide.—Associated Press.

Effect Of Australian Import Cuts

Sydney, Jan. 15. An official of the Amalgamated Tobacco Corporation Limited said today that the Company's move to establish a cigarette factory at Flemington, Sydney, was a consequence of Australian restrictions on imports.

The Company is spending more than £225,000 on the factory.

The spokesman said it was proposed to manufacture about 7,000,000 cigarettes a week initially and employ about 100 people.

The brand of cigarette to be manufactured had not yet been decided upon. It might be one of the Company's established cigarette altogether. Although the Federal Government had granted import licences to allow the company to bring in un-manufactured leaf from the Sterling Area, no dollar licences had been granted.

Australian tobacco would, be blended with imported leaf.—Reuter.

Criticism Of Indian Policy

London, Jan. 15. The London Times today pointed to what it called "a real weakness in Indian diplomacy."

"The Government of India is rightly proud of its independence. It will not brook admonition—let alone pressure—from other countries on the management of its affairs," the paper said.

"Yet it does not seem to recognise that other countries feel and are entitled to feel the same. This is a real weakness in Indian diplomacy."

In Indian interest in the domestic affairs of South Africa, French North Africa, Malaya, and Kenya is inspired by the sincere conviction that racial inequality and colonial rule are deplorable anachronisms but it takes the form of deliberate efforts to organise pressure upon the governments responsible for these regions.

"Pressure of the same kind applied to India would be denounced indignantly as interference."

The Times said India was at the moment trying to bring pressure upon Pakistan.

"The campaign in the Indian Press to deter Pakistan from associating with the proposed Middle East defence organisation is too well synchronised to be anything but officially inspired."

"India, it is asserted, cannot tolerate any action which might bring the cold war nearer to her or endanger her neutrality in it by aligning one part of the Indo-Pakistan sub-continent with the Western powers."

"The present unhappy state of relations between India and Pakistan this campaign is more likely to defeat than to achieve its object."—Reuter.

INCOMPATIBLE WITH FAITH

Bologna, Jan. 15. A Bologna Communist Party leader said in a Consistory Day announcement today that he has quit the party because Communism is incompatible with his Roman Catholic faith.

Dante Mazzi, 25, Communist Party propaganda chief in Bologna, told Italian newsmen he had resigned from the Italian Communist Party, the Communist-led Italian General Confederation of Labour and the Association of Friendship.—Associated Press.



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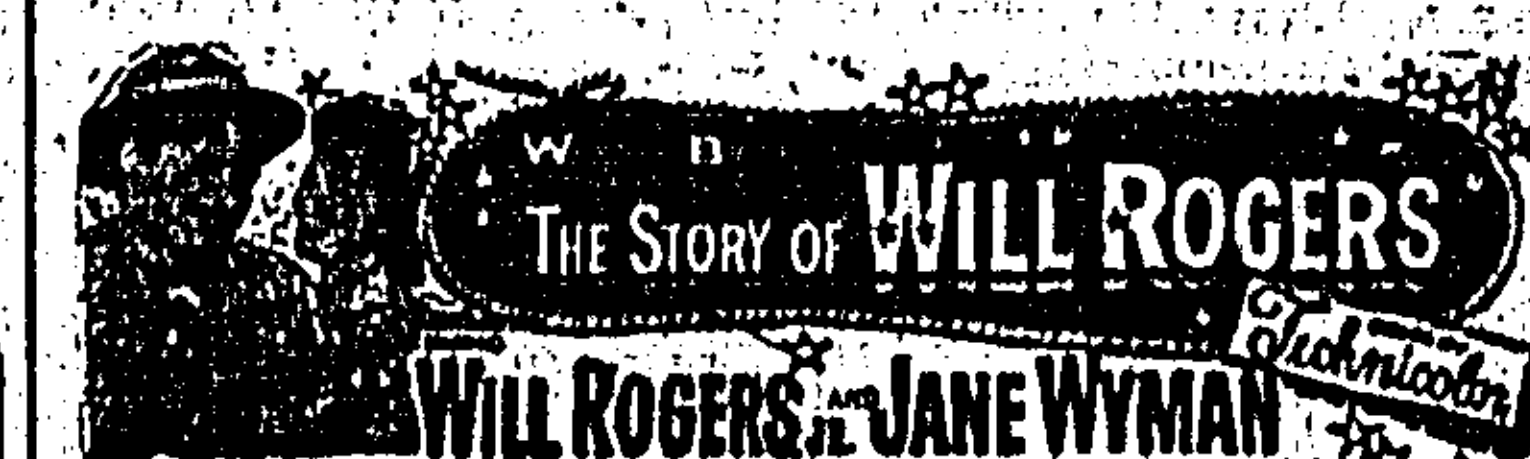
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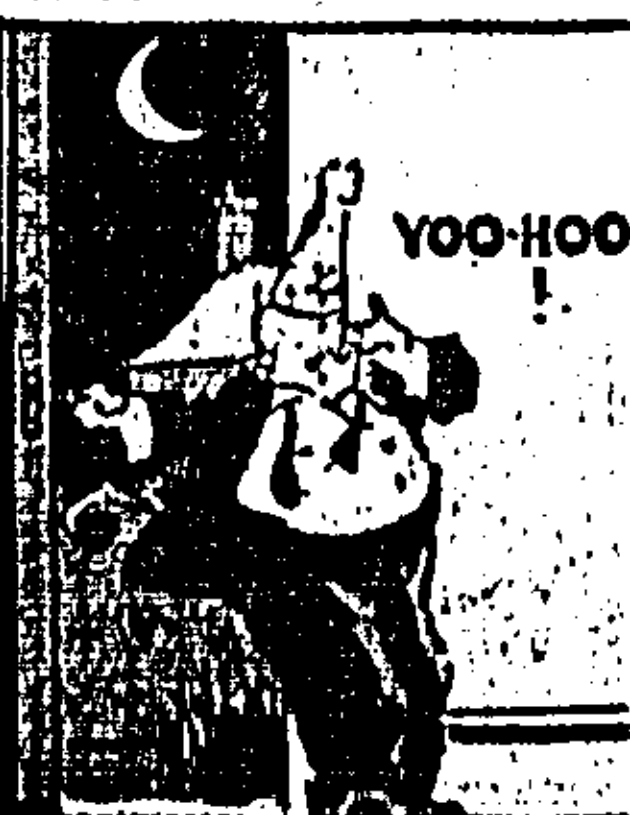
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Fuel Shortage In Hungary

Vienna, Jan. 15. Budapest is suffering from an acute fuel shortage, according to travellers arriving in Vienna. They said that rationed fuel, which had been paid for during the summer, was not available now that intensely cold weather had set in. Wood cost the equivalent of more than £50 a ton. —Reuter.

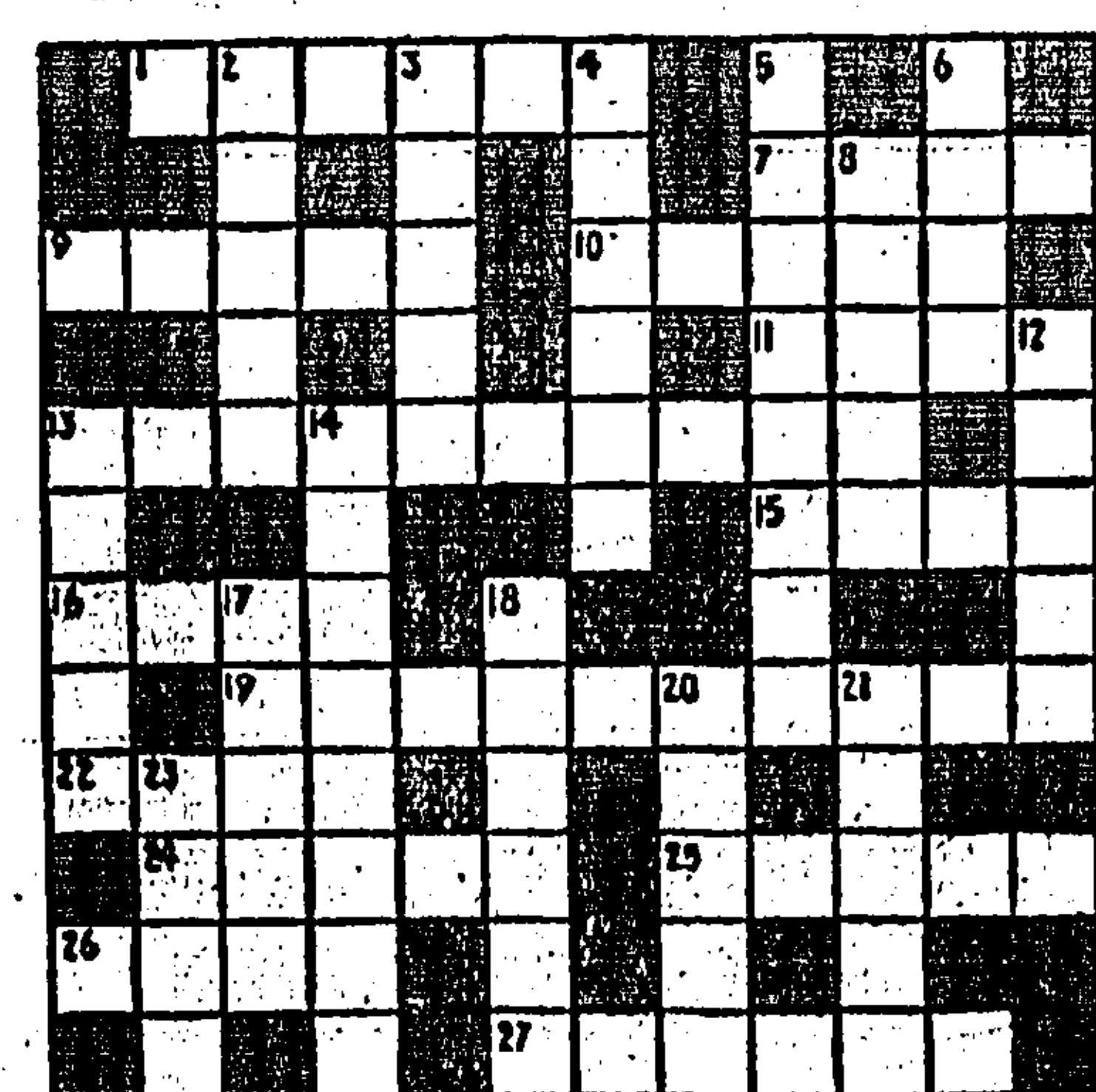
ESTONIAN OFFICIALS DISMISSED

Stockholm, Jan. 15. Tallin radio today reported that the Estonian High Council, in a plenary session yesterday, dismissed two Vice-Premiers—Alexander Ansborg and Heinrich Ajo. The radio gave no reason for the dismissals but said the High Council (Supreme Presidium) approved them. The radio did not name any direct successor but said Albert Vendelin had been appointed a Vice-Premier. Vendelin is a comparatively unknown name in Estonian radio and in Estonian newspapers reaching Stockholm. Soviet Estonia has four Vice-Premiers. This is the second dismissal of Ministers since Estonia's incorporation in the Soviet Union in June, 1940. In 1950, the entire Cabinet was dismissed and replaced by Estonians who had lived in Russia during Estonia's years of independence. The plenary session of the Estonian Supreme Soviet unanimously adopted the revised constitution of the Republic yesterday, Moscow Radio announced.—Reuter.

Fewer Orders For Britain

London, Jan. 15. The Financial Times commented today on the "ominous trend" in orders for all tankers in which Britain has lost ground to Germany and the United States. The United Kingdom has consolidated its position as the leading owner, but while the total of new orders has risen, the United Kingdom's orders have actually contracted. The fall in Swedish and Japanese orders, it is true, has been much bigger. On the other hand, orders placed in the United States and Germany have risen by nearly 10 per cent and over 25 per cent, respectively.—Reuter.

A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS**
- Dance (6)
 - Dappled (4)
 - Peaved (5)
 - Sooties (5)
 - Compass point (4)
 - Clergyman (4)
 - Brace (4)
 - Downcast (10)
 - Is sorry (4)
 - Adhesive (5)
 - Bunk (5)
 - Flash (4)
 - Fears (6)
- DOWN**
- Residence (5)
 - Follow on (5)
 - Niche (5)
 - Grand (8)
 - Not so much (4)
 - Likeness (5)
 - Doctrines (5)
 - Journal (5)
 - Accented (8)
 - Perfect (5)
 - Peast (5)
 - Illustrates (5)
 - Went wrong (5)
 - Proposition (4)

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD: Across: 1. Atrate, 4. Revue, 7. Poster, 8. Merit, 10. Loom, 12. Relator, 15. Ruid, 16. Test, 17. Even, 18. Defer, 20. Desires, 21. Smog, 23. Pain, 24. Gauge, 25. Amber, 26. Cakes. Down: 1. Appalled, 2. Restores, 3. Tied, 5. Elevates, 6. Unlaid, 9. Codes, 11. Minimize, 12. Rider, 13. Terminus, 14. Stagnant, 16. Yellum, 22. Mors.

Rangoon, Jan. 15. The biggest conference of Asian Socialists ever held ended its 10-day session here today with a declaration of total rejection of Communism as degrading.

Eight countries—Burma, Indonesia, India, Israel, Japan, Malaya, Pakistan and Egypt—sent full delegations to the conference and observers attended from other Middle East and Asian countries.

The former British Labour Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, was there as a fraternal delegate from the Socialist International. The two hundred delegates today expressed their determination to continue the struggle to supersede capitalism and feudalism by Democratic Socialism. A policy statement, unanimously approved at the plenary session, said Democratic Socialism avoided totalitarian forms of government and mass coercion. But Communism as practised in Russia and its satellites had degenerated "into a regime of complete subordination of individual and group to a centralized power of the leadership of the ruling party."

The conference condemned Colonialism, whether of the old form or of the new totalitarian type.

MUST HELP

"Asia must help all Colonial peoples to rise erect and unshaken so that they may strive together in co-operation with others for world order, free from slavery, hunger and war," a resolution declared.

The conference also condemned the imposition by force from outside of totalitarian regimes in Europe and Asia. Four resolutions supporting freedom of movements in Malaya, Kenya, Uganda and North Africa were passed. The resolution on Malaya said: "The conference condemns the use of terror, whether by the British Administration or the Communist insurgents in Malaya, and appeals to the people of Malaya to unite around the Democratic Socialist forces to that an independent and Socialist Malaya may emerge."

The Kenya resolution blamed the Kenya Colonial Government for "the unhappy state of affairs."

ECONOMIC COUNCIL

The conference urged speedy reforms in Uganda, and on North Africa recommended an Asian-African conference to discuss ways of aiding North African liberation movements.

The conference also approved a scheme to set up an Asian economic council to improve production in Asia. The delegates accepted that Asian countries needed external aid for development, but they recommended that, to avoid dangers, this aid should be sought and received in a coordinated manner. Through a world development authority controlled by the United Nations.

Armistice Officially Accused

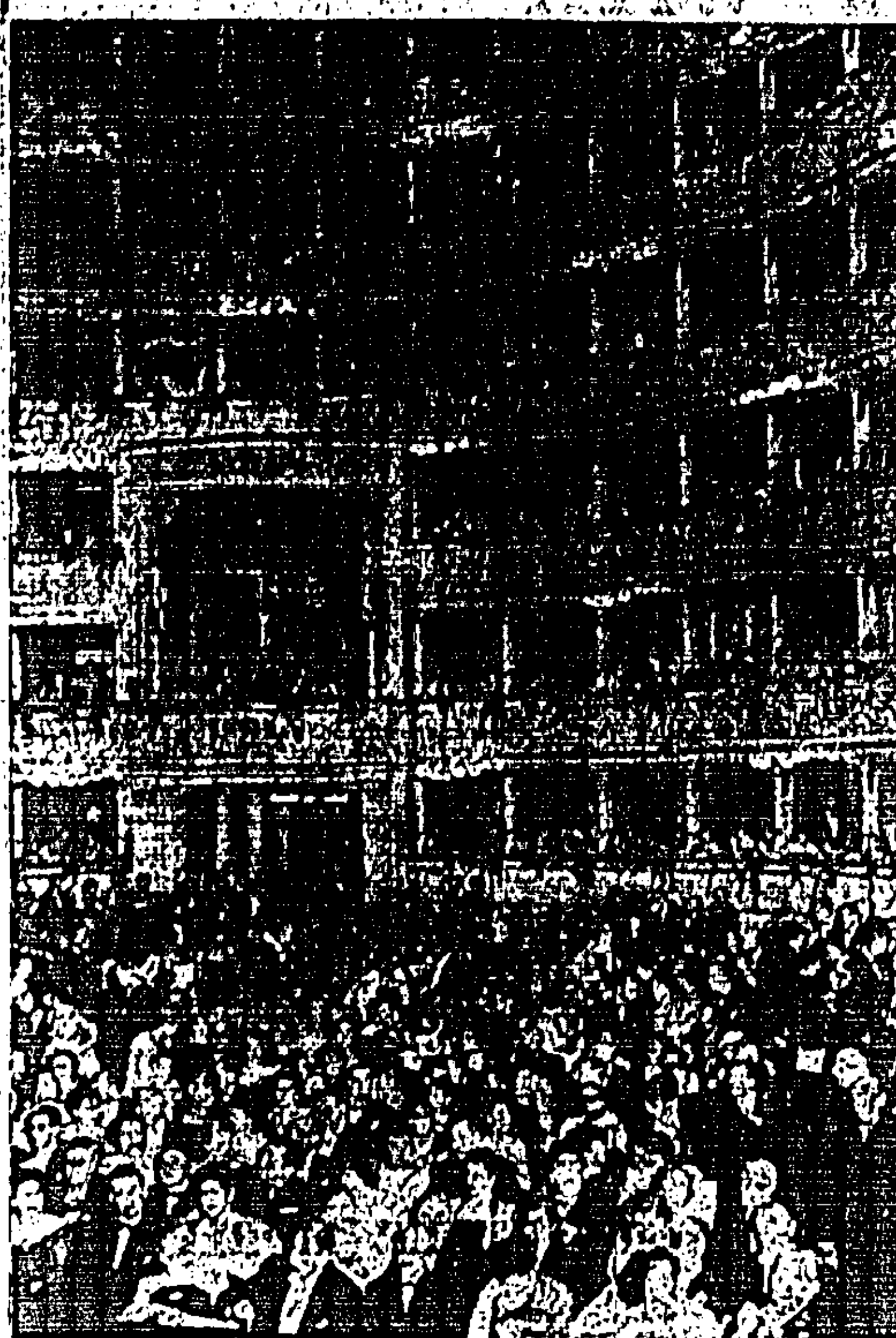
Tel-Aviv, Jan. 15. Israel today accused the United Nations Chairman of the Israel-Jordan Mixed Armistice Commission of bias in handling disputes between Israel and Jordan.

The Chairman is General Bennett Derudder of Belgium. An Israeli Army spokesman said three Israeli soldiers and one civilian driving instructor had been held by the Jordan authorities since January 4 for crossing the border by mistake. The spokesman said this detention was a clear violation of the agreement between Jordan and Israel of December 30, 1952, and General Derudder had been told that, unless the four Israelis were returned forthwith, the agreement would be considered null and void. General Derudder's attitude, the spokesman alleged, was "entirely in violation of the agreements that had been repeatedly signed." —Reuter.

CHEESE RATION INCREASED

London, Jan. 15. The cheese ration will be increased from one ounce to an ounce and a half a week from January 25, the Ministry of Food announced today. The Ministry said the increase is made possible by increased home production and higher shipments from the Commonwealth.

Scala Season Starts



The impressive scene inside La Scala Theatre, Milan, on the opening night of the internationally famous Scala Opera's Season. Violetta Elvin, the British ballerina from Sadler's Wells, is dancing at La Scala as guest ballerina throughout the season.—Express Photo.

Knotty Question Facing Indian Congress Party

Hyderabad, Jan. 15. India's governing Congress Party begins three-day convention sessions here on Saturday with Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru firmly in the party saddle for another two-year term. Mr. Nehru accepted nomination unopposed as Congress President six weeks ago, clearing the agenda for talks on how to win country-wide support for his new five-year plan and such international issues as Soviet rejection of the Indian Korean plan.

Knottiest domestic question facing the expected 5,200 delegates is the Communist-inspired movement now gaining momentum throughout India for redistribution of States along language lines. Congress leaders must decide whether to make good on the

RUSSIAN CALL FOR VIGILANCE

Moscow, Jan. 16. F. Kozlov, Secretary of the Leningrad Regional Communist Party Committee, writing in the magazine Kommunist, has called for sharpened vigilance against foreign spies.

He said such vigilance was needed in order to prevent spy penetration into both the party and the Soviet Government. Kozlov in particular warned that "agents of foreign intelligence services are intensively seeking weak and insecure places among certain unstable levels of our intelligentsia." The Leningrad Party chief emphasised repeatedly in his article dangers arising from persons who formerly belonged to various anti-party groups or organisations. Kozlov named specific cases of what he called alien elements getting into the various sections of the party and Government work in Leningrad because of poor vigilance of Party organs there. He said certain of these people got into the institute on the history of the Party and also other ideological organisations. —Associated Press.

Food Prices On Increase

New York, Jan. 15. Wholesale food prices rose for the fourth consecutive weekly period this week, Dun and Bradstreet Incorporated reported today. The statistical agency's index—based on the cost per pound of 31 commodities in general use—rose to US\$4.25. This compares with US\$4.23 a week earlier and US\$4.07 for the same week a year ago.—United Press.

STRONG BUT NOT RECKLESS

Dulles' Outline Of Foreign Policy

New York, Jan. 15. The Senate Foreign Relations Committee today gave its unanimous approval to President-elect Eisenhower's choice of John Foster Dulles as Secretary of State.

The vote came only a minute after Mr. Dulles had completed two hours of testimony before the committee.

Senators did not bother to close the hearing room doors to take the vote.

Mr. Eisenhower cannot formally submit Mr. Dulles' name until after he takes office on Jan. 20.

Mr. Dulles told the committee that as Secretary of State he would try to find "policies that are strong but not reckless and which will end peril (in foreign affairs) without a dying spasm of total violence."

A standing room only crowd gathered for the public hearings.

Under questioning by the committee chairman, Senator Alexander Wiley, Republican, Wisconsin, he gave these assurances:

1. He will consult Congress in the formative stages of foreign policy rather than after a programme is worked out so that it is hard for the lawmakers to reject it.
2. He will work not merely for containment of aggressive international Communism, but try to develop active policies to destroy its "monolithic character." —Associated Press.

TIME FOR INITIATIVE & COURAGE

New York, Jan. 14. The Canadian Finance Minister, Mr. D. C. Abbott, tonight urged the United States to join the British Commonwealth in working out a more positive approach to world trade and currency problems. The time is ripe for courageous and positive steps and calculated risks by the free world's expanding production and trade, he said. In spite of some disappointment in solving world economic needs, the aid given by America and Canada had succeeded magnificently in restoring the physical damage of war, he continued.

He said: "Production in most of these (European) countries is now greater than ever before. We now have a basis for a more positive approach to trade and currency arrangements. We have an opportunity for new initiative."

Mr. Abbott took part in the recent Commonwealth economic conference in London. He said the conference made a significant beginning in outlining policy aimed at creating trade, not aid. "During the months ahead," he said, "we shall wish to work out together a concrete and practical programme. In this the positive co-operation of the United States is vital." —United Press.

Russian Discovered Penicillin!

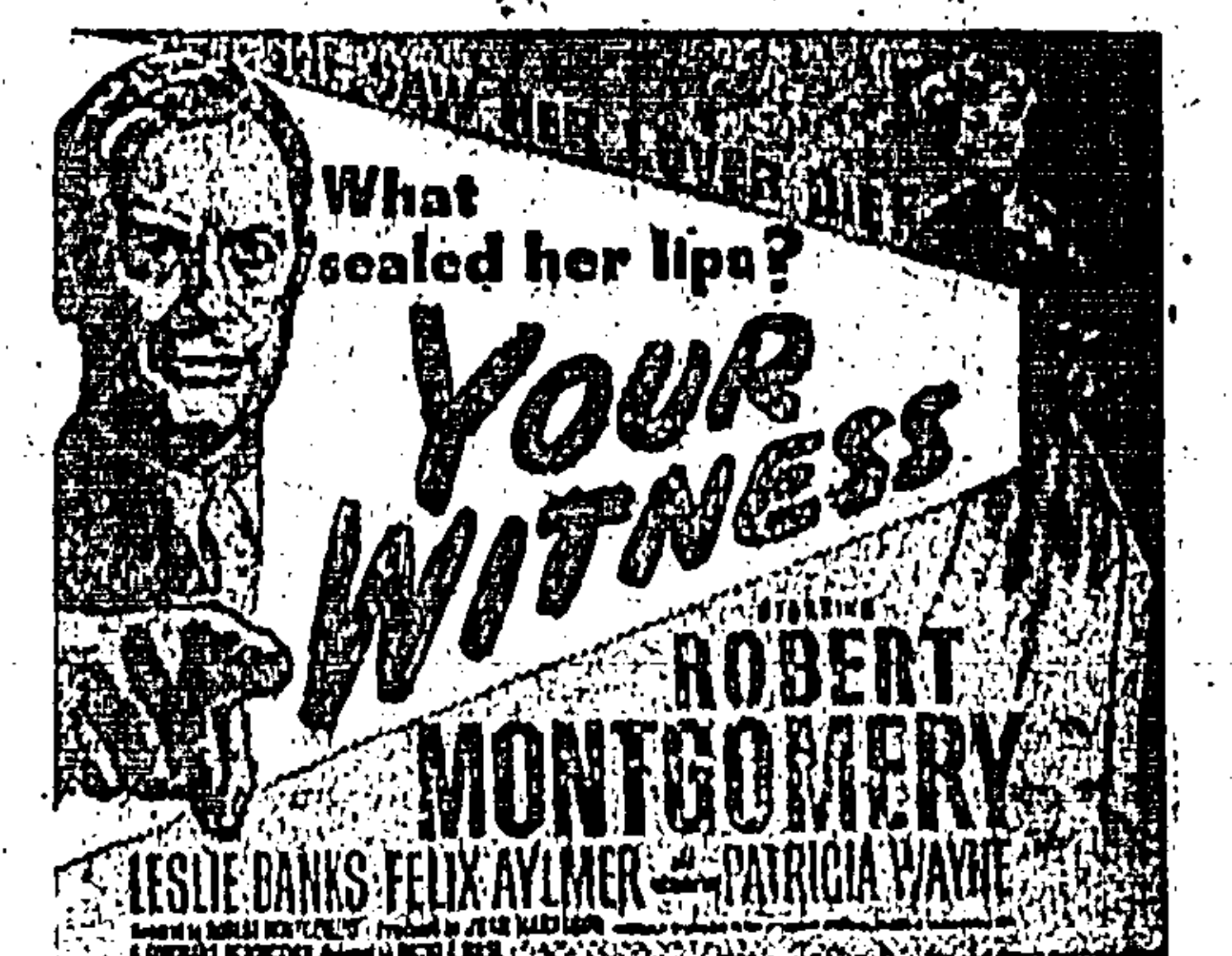
London, Jan. 15. Russian scientists are now honouring the memory of the man who discovered penicillin, Moscow Radio said today. He's a Russian, of course, they say. His name was Andrei Polotnikov, and—says Moscow—he did his work with the antibiotic long before Sir Alexander Fleming, the Western-recognised discoverer of Penicillin. Sir Alexander discovered the drug in 1929. For his work he was awarded the 1945 Nobel Prize in Medicine. But Moscow Radio said Polotnikov used penicillin 31 years ago for a skin treatment. The Soviet Academy of Medical Sciences will mark the anniversary this year of Polotnikov's death by publishing works "proving his priority in the use of penicillin," the Moscow broadcast added.—Associated Press.

To Shoot Seals

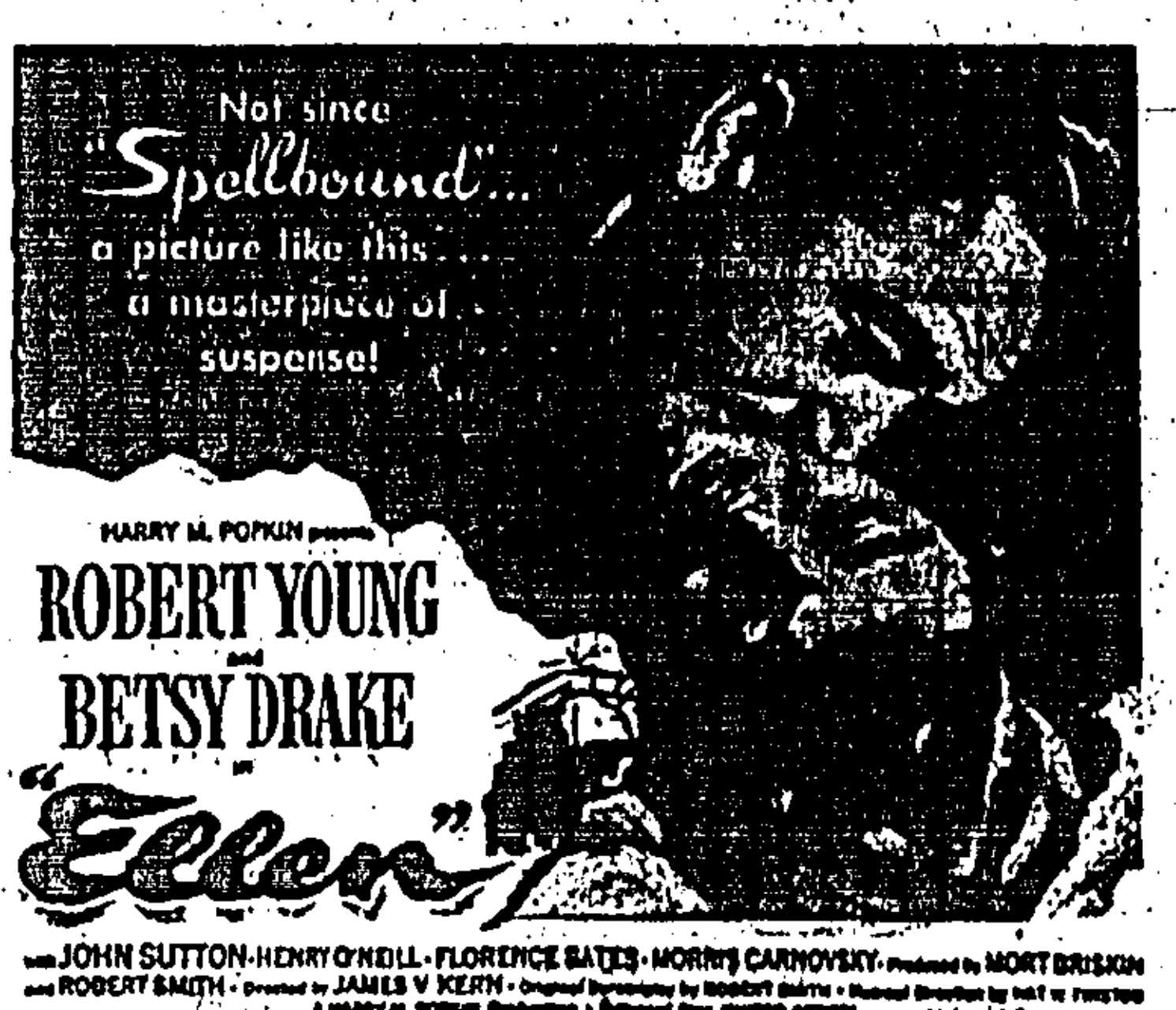
London, Jan. 15. Salmon fishermen at Whitby, Yorkshire, have been given permission to shoot seals which snatch fish and tear nets.—Reuter.

PRINCESS

★ SHOWING TO-DAY ★
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

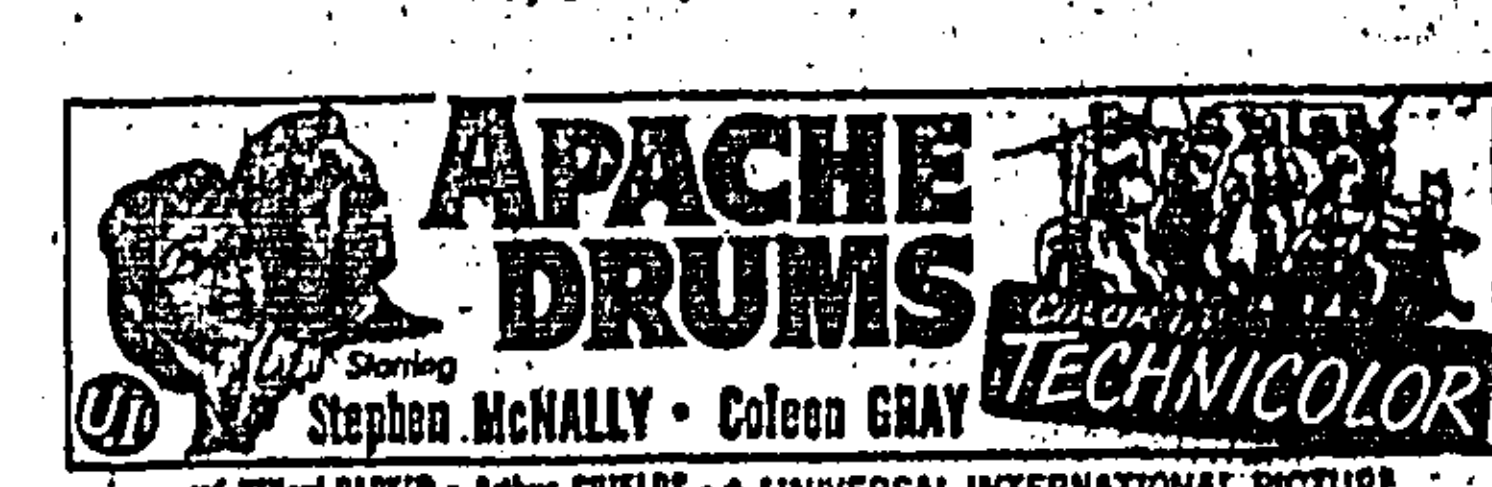


— NEXT CHANGE —



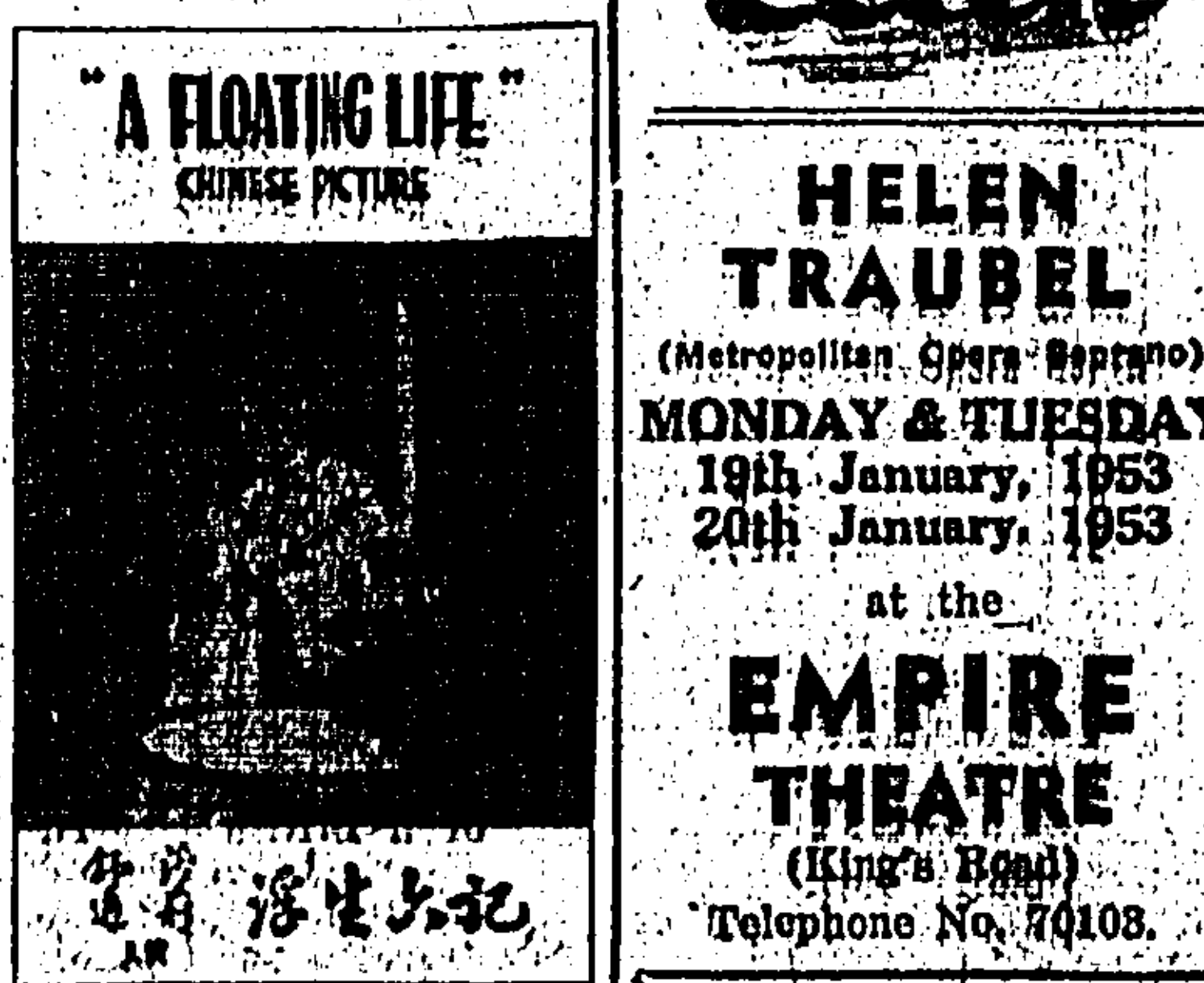
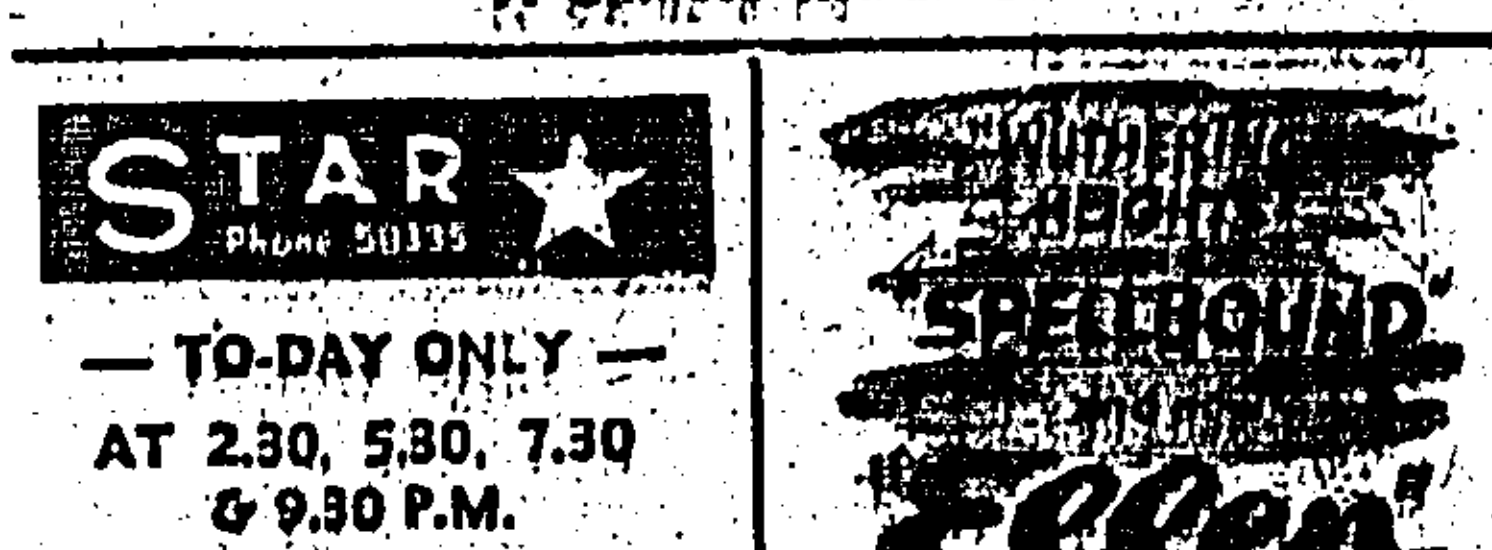
GREAT WORLD

★ SHOWING TO-DAY ★
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



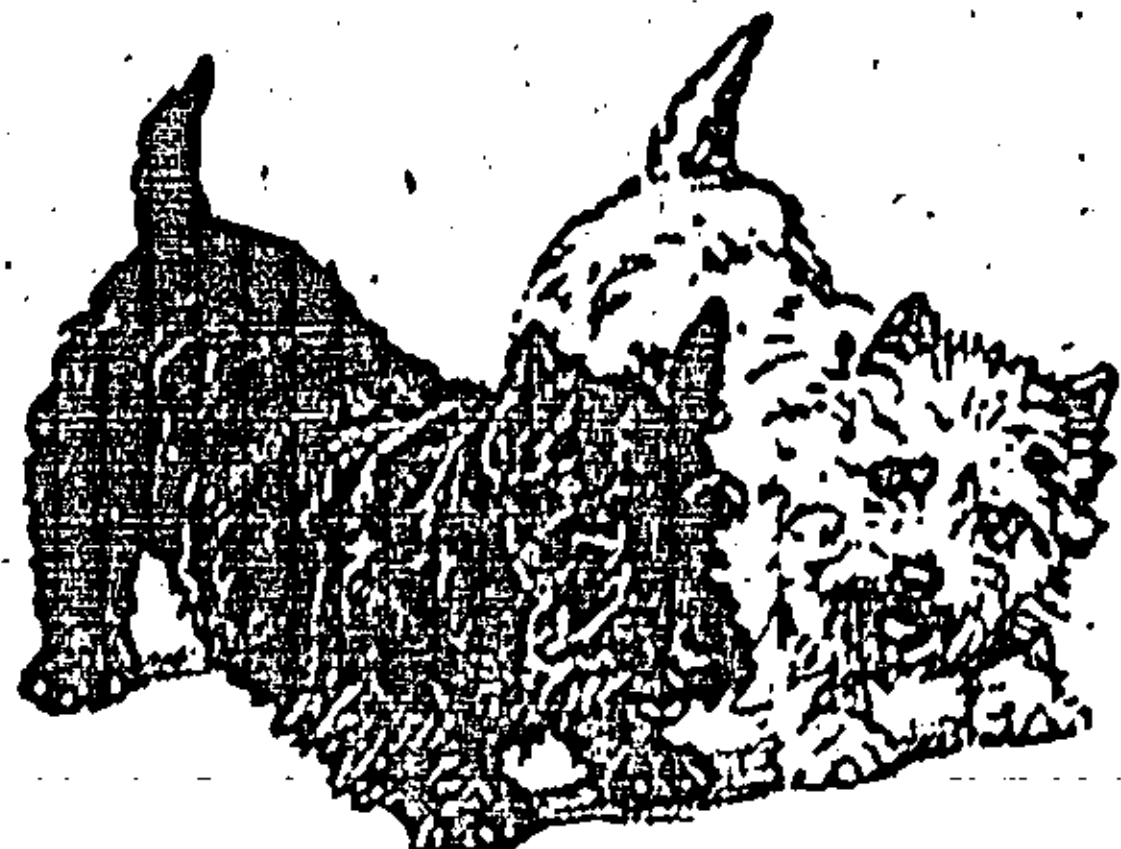
ADDED: Latest Gaumont British News

SHOWING TO-DAY ★
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



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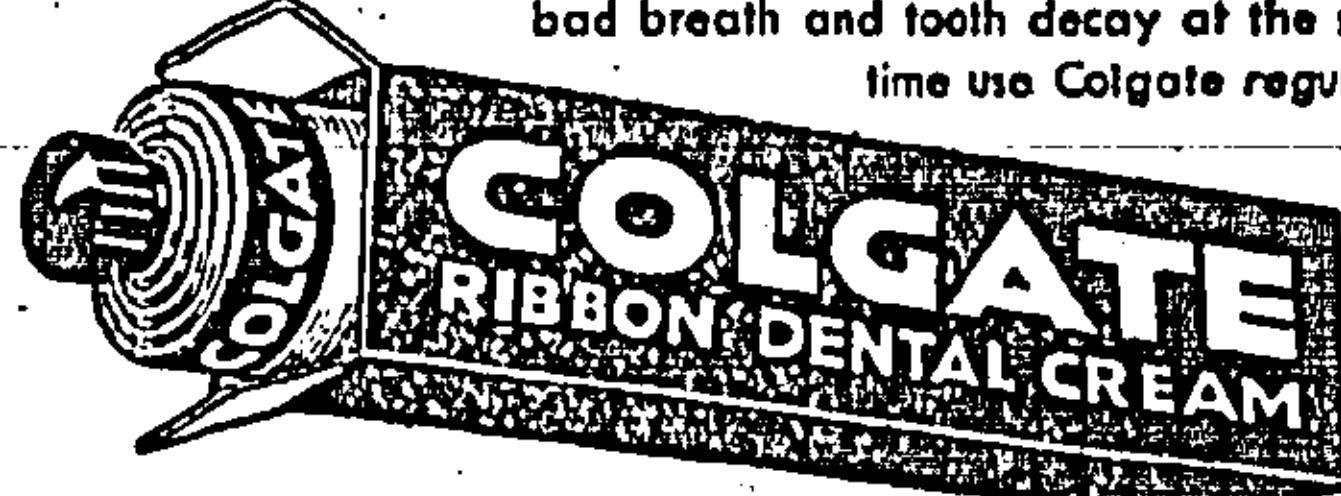


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THE GIRL WITH WORLD'S MOST TERRIFYING JOB

By KENT STEVENS

I SAT terrified. My hands clutched the arms of my seat. My nerves were strung taut. I could hardly breathe.

High above me in the Harringway Arena a lovely girl named Plinto del Oro was performing on a trapeze. She swung back and forth, from side to side and in ever-widening circles.

She stood now on one knee, now on two toes, now on one toe. As a climax she stood on her head and read a newspaper.

—AND SHE DID ALL THESE THINGS WITHOUT USING HER HANDS.

Fifty feet below her stood a man. He watched, as we all watched, with muscles tensed, his eyes never leaving the crazy girl in the air. But he moved; he circled as she circled, walked forward and backward, from side to side, always keeping pace with the trapeze.

Sound of Music

For he is Plinto's "safety net," waiting to catch her should she fall. He is also her husband—and they are desperately in love.

Come backstage with me to meet them. Plinto is 21, beautiful, blue-eyed and sleek; only five feet tall and weighs eight stone. Her voice is soft and when she speaks it is like the sound of music. She smiles often; when she looks at Juan her eyes light up.

Juan, her husband, is 30 and small, too, for a man; only 5ft. 5in. and weighs 9st. 6lb. But he is wiry and strong. He smiles often, and when he looks at Plinto his eyes are proud.

Plinto is the youngest of 19 children. She was born in the Canary Islands of circus parents and walked her first wire when she was 12, the day before her mother died.

Juan comes from Madrid. He ran away from home at 15 and later joined the navy. One day his ship put in at Cadiz. He went to the local circus, saw Plinto, and fell in love.

Plinto combed Juan's hair gently as she told me: "He wooed me with flowers and I wooed him by teaching him tricks on the trapeze and the wires because he wished to share my danger."

Two years later they were married and Juan began his task of protecting her from death, twice daily. Three times they have almost lost. Once all was well, no one was hurt. But one day, in Madrid a year after their marriage, Plinto slipped and fell head first.

Knocked Out

"In that moment one does not think," she said, "panic possesses you."

And what was Juan thinking?

"Only to catch her—in any way I could. I slapped her head and back at the same time in opposite directions to make her spin round. She fell on me. That is all I remember!"

He was knocked out. Plinto was carried to her dressing-room, unhurt. But Juan was two days in hospital.

They laugh at that now. But they do not laugh, or even talk, about "the great fall" in Granada five years ago. Plinto fell 40ft., split her chin, fractured her skull, broke her ribs and a leg and suffered cerebral hemorrhage. She was unconscious for 15 days.

During their four years of marriage they have travelled the world. For months they were in the U.S., with the world-famous Ringling, Barnum and Bailey circus. And it was Plinto who trained Betty Hutton for her role in "The Greatest Show on

Earth." She doubled for Betty, too, in the long shots.

NOW they are in Britain for the first time, doing death for 20 minutes a day and half an hour on Saturdays. I wondered if they were as terrified as their audiences.

"Not so much," said Plinto. "We are afraid, yes, but we try not to think about it."

Does anything really frighten Plinto, whose name means Little Golden Pine?

"Yes," she said, "la cucaracha—the cockroach."

'TIME' AT 6 p.m. LEADS TO ALL THIS

DOWN UNDER —THE TABLE

From ARTHUR MORLEY

BRASH, bustling Sydney, "the New York of the South Seas," is feeling so much like New York these days that it hurts.

Its British population is shocked to find that in addition to American-style skyscrapers, stores and big business they have an unsavoury mess of big-time racketeering.

The scandal broke when a Royal Commission was appointed by the New South Wales Government to inquire into the State's liquor industry.

Since then eight prominent Sydney men have been arrested for perjury (though not all were convicted) and high police officers have been called into the witness box to explain how they got their thousands of pounds of savings or assets.

Forty-nine Sydney night clubs were found to be peddling liquor illegally and lorries of black market bottled beer were being delivered to night clubs.

Informants, notably night club girls, said they feared "bashings" as reprisals.

At the conclusion of the hearing New South Wales Premier Cahill announced that his Cabinet had approved a proposal that Mr Justice Maxwell, head of the Royal Commission, should travel abroad, particularly to England and the Continent, to study other people's drinking laws and habits.

The background to the scandal is the fact that all Sydney hotels must stop selling liquor at 6 p.m. This has given rise to what is known here as "The Great Swill." Thirsty workers crowd into bars as soon as they finish a day's work, trying to cram down drinks before they are thrown out at six.

Everybody deprecates the position, but nobody does anything about it. The politicians feel that a sensible extension of drinking hours would lose them the votes of church and temperance people.

Another factor is that bottled beer is scarce and so goes into the black market.

The Royal Commission hearing started quietly enough. Then it was told by a girl night club cashier that police warnings had been given to Coronilla Club, Sydney, of the possibility of police raids. The police raided the club, "beers and sandwiches without charge there, she claimed."

Later, Metropolitan Police Superintendent W.C.S. Thompson agreed before the Commission that many night clubs were conducted "in flagrant breach of the law," but he did not believe that police were being paid protection money.

In further evidence it was claimed that former Metro-

POCKET CARTOON By OSBERT LANCASTER



"In any case it's certain to work out a whole lot cheaper than going to the Abbey by bus!"

CORONATION CRESCENDO in Tin Pan Alley

By FRANCIS MARTIN

EVERY other village organist and one suburban piano teacher in three share the illusion that they have written the song hit of the Coronation season.

This, at any rate, is my impression after a round of music publishers from Tin Pan Alley (Charing Cross Road) to sedate and more historic houses a mile or so further west. Ever since the Accession, manuscripts of Coronation ballads, marches and anthems have been showering upon individual publishers at the rate of up to 50 a week.

The manuscripts are assessed by exploitation men known to the trade as song pluggers, who sit at upright pianos and baby grand in smoke-fogged cubby-holes strumming and humming their way through oceans of trash. For the quality of these Coronation compositions is poor on the whole. Not one piece in a thousand has the remotest chance of seeing print.

A fair trial

BEFORE being thrown out they are, however, given a fair enough trial. They are considered from all musical angles, including the academic.

One of the busiest exploitation men in the West End is 27-year-old Charles Beardsall, who spends two hours and a half daily on manuscript sampling.

Beardsall came down from Cambridge with a Mus.Boc. degree as well as the M.A. in his pocket. He can analyse a Bach fugue or a Byrd motet with the best, but three years on the outskirts of Tin Pan Alley have given him equal insight into "pops," short for popular numbers.

In eight months Beardsall has tasted 240 Coronation pieces, some of them from faraway addresses, including Honduras, the Punjab, Jamaica, Kenya, Vancouver.

Of the 240 total he has rejected 160 himself as hopeless. The other 80 were thrown out at fortnightly sessions of his firm's vetting committee, a



EXPLOITATION MAN
Charles Beardsall.

synod of shrewd, hard-bitten specialists who know exactly what it takes in time and money to get a number sung and played by the right people on records and radio.

The experience of Beardsall and his vetting committee is typical. Most pluggers, when asked about the quality of the stuff they are coming out, nip their noses expressively: "It stinks, brother."

\$20,000 song

MOST song writers are out for money and fame in equal parts. They have all heard how Haydn Wood sold a million and a quarter copies of "Roses of Piccadilly" in less than 30 years, making a cool \$20,000 out of it.

Another thing: once a songwriter really gets into the vein there is no getting him out of it. At 70, Haydn Wood is as full of tunes as a June blackbird. One morning in 1951 he sat down after breakfast and started writing a march-song, "Princess Elizabeth of England," to words by W. E. St. L. Flinn.

Before bedtime he had finished his setting, which went promptly to the printer and the recording studio, where it was sung by a girls' choir.

A sheet edition of 3,000 and a stack of records were put on a liner for Australia. They were to have arrived con-

veniently ahead of the Princess's scheduled high-early last year. Then the King died. Music and records were withdrawn and scrapped before they could reach the market.

The number is now in print a second time with Princess deleted from the title and a retitled lyric rejoicing in Elizabeth as Queen.

3d. royalty

TO win the status of a Coronation hit, a song would have to sell at least 100,000 copies in six or eight weeks. At threepence-a-copy royalty in the case of a half-crown ballad, this would yield the composer an undivided £1,250, supposing him to have written the words as well as the music.

Fees for radio and other performances would swell his takings to £1,500; not a bad return for a couple of days' work in the case of a slick writer.

On the Tin Pan Alley wing, where sheet-music still sells as low as a shilling a copy, the royalty on a 100,000 sale would be only £250. But Alley numbers, sweeter or hotter than ballads, often have a bigger vogue on records. Bearing in mind gramophone as well as radio takings, an Alley hit should make its writer better off by £1,200 or £1,300 almost at a stroke.

But, though publishers' gambles are many, hits are few. Only one out of twelve "pops" so much as earns its keep; owing to high exploitation costs the rest are printed at a dead loss.

Not surprisingly, Tin Pan Alley is tending to avoid gambles. Publishers are thumbing through back catalogues and disintering songs and marches which made the grade at former coronations.

Walter Partidge's Coronation Bells, written for the Coronation of Edward VII (1902), is in the shop windows for a fourth time, with new words pinned to its middle-section melody. The words were jointly written by three lyric writers under the collective name of J. Bull. The publisher warmly praises the lyric, describing it as "light and strong."

Long may she reign in glory, May all her years bring peace serene, Ring, ring out those Coronation bells—God bless our gracious Queen!

Peace, prayer

CORONATION song sentiments do not change much. The Queen is praised by published and unpublished writers alike, not only because she is young but also because she is head of the Fighting Forces.

Peace and prayer are important. But also we must be prepared. Nobody is writing patriotic music anodily or in three keys at once. Simple harmonies and swinging tunes are recognised as best. There is no beating the Rule, Britannia, idiom.

THE FOUR HUNDRED BECOME THE 30,000

By EVELYN IRONS

NEW YORK, a city which hitherto has been interested only in the future, is now turning back to its past. People are getting sentimental about the old days when Society was spelt with a capital S.

There is a sudden flow of books about the old days, and the public are lapping them up. Several of them quote the story of Mrs E. T. Stotesbury, the celebrated hostess, who explained the 14-carat gold tips in her bathrooms by saying, "They're very economical. You don't have to polish them, you know."

Once upon a time New York Society was limited to 400. They were the "best people" in the days when Mrs William Astor's parties were limited to just that number. How many are there now?

Well, the Social Register contains something like 30,000 names. (The Social Register is a jealously studied list that is drawn up afresh every year by a secret panel of selectors who publish it in a little black book.)

TWO GROUPS

But a good many of those 30,000 would certainly not qualify for Society as it was defined in the days of the 400. They fall into two groups.

One is the *Cafe Society*—the name given to the rich celebrities who go out to be seen at the Twenty-One, the Club Room at the Stock Club, and other costly New York resorts. Some of them can afford it. There is a name for them: "old solid gold aristocrats." But there are the others—expense account Society. A recent questionnaire circulated to the leading New York restaurants and night resorts revealed that more than 50 per cent of the clients were people paying their way on expense accounts.

The expense account spenders get priority everywhere—not only for restaurant tables, but in bookings for theatres and

Pullman reservations and hotel rooms.

Rising taxation and the decline of great houses have affected American society habits in New York as they have in London. There is no hostess now in New York like the great Mrs Cornelius Vanderbilt, friend of Queen Mary and the Duke of Windsor. She was an outspoken autocrat who entertained 100,000 guests in one year—more than the White House. Her Christmas afternoon parties with a red-coated orchestra playing waltzes, and queues of visitors lining up to sign the visitors' book in the hall, were a New York institution.

Her jewels were insured for £1,000,000; she had 44 servants in her old Fifth Avenue house, now demolished. She was the first great New York hostess to receive the Duke and Duchess of Windsor after the Abdication.

OUTSTANDING

But here is a list of the women whom New York recognises as the outstanding hostesses of today:

MRS WILLIAM WOODWARD, wife of the millionaire banker whose horres are trained in England by Boyd-Rochford and who has been obstinately trying to win the Derby for his past 27 years. His stables are said to be worth something like £1,000,000. His Belair stud is famous. Mrs Woodward is a great patron of music; likes to entertain people to intimate meals after the opera. Her town house is one of the few surviving private homes with a great ballroom.

MRS GEORGE BAKER, millionaire banker's widow. She is giving a big dance shortly for her granddaughter, Diana Taylor.

MRS GEORGE BAKER, JUNIOR, her daughter-in-law. Mrs LYTLE HULL, great charity committee woman, for 25 years director of the Philharmonic-Symphony Society of New York, a pianist herself. Divorced Vincent Astor, who inherited a £27 million fortune, twelve years ago there was a property settlement.

MRS CORNELIUS VANDERBILT WHITNEY, also to the fore

at charity entertainments, where she sometimes sings. Her husband, "Sonny," is the third generation of a family which has led American horse breeding and racing.

MRS WINSTON GUEST, pretty blonde wife of the polo player, who is a second cousin of Winston Churchill, his godfather. He is the ex-husband of a Woolworth heiress.

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A MAN'S PHOTO - HUM - WHO'S THE SKINNY LITTLE GUY IN THE BATHING TRUNKS?

THAT'S A PICTURE OF YOU - THAT I TOOK BEFORE THE WAR.

OH? QUITE A HANDSOME GUY REALLY, DON'T YOU THINK?

ANNUAL RACE MEETING STARTS TOMORROW AT THE VALLEY

By "RAPIER"

The stage is all set for the Hongkong Jockey Club's Annual Race Meeting which starts at noon tomorrow, continuing on Wednesday, January 21, and Saturday, January 24.

There are 10 races each day and the 15th interval is after the fourth race (1.30 p.m.). The fifth race begins at 3.00 p.m.

The most interesting events tomorrow will be the four sections of the Hopetful Stakes for 1953 and the Chinese Club Cup for Class 1 ponies.

Here are my estimates of the chances:

FIRST RACE

Hopetful Stakes (First Section): One Mile.

The opening race will serve to introduce the new Australian Subscription Griffins to the racing public and basing my selections on training performances, I think the winner will be one of the following: Exhibition Day (Mr. Oliveira), Diamond Dalia (Mr. Kwock), Charleroi (Mr. C. L. Liu), and Boyne (Mr. Ostroumoff).

With Exhibition Day, Mr. Oliveira has a great opportunity of winning this race, but he may expect strong opposition from either Diamond Dalia and Charleroi, both of which are capable of giving Exhibition Day a good fight.

Boyne is also considered good enough to extend those named above and may cause an upset here.

SECOND RACE

Southern Handicap: From Near The 1-1/2 Mile Post.

In this sprint event for Class 6 ponies, I think the result will be decided between Liberty Ship (Mr. C. F. Ng), No Regrets (Mr. Chuang), Pegasus (Mr. Liu), and Diana (Mr. T. S. Leong).

Liberty Ship is in splendid condition and if it should secure a good start it may win, while I expect to see No Regrets offer a challenge.

Pegasus is a bad starter and unless it can move off quickly on Saturday it may again prove a disappointment.

Diana has invariably done well over short distance events and a win here would not be surprising.

THIRD RACE

Hopetful Stakes (Second Section): One Mile.

In this event for the second section of the new Australian Subscription Griffins I do not think we need look further for the eventual winner than among Pegasus (Mr. Chuang), Flying Dutchman (Mr. Oliveira), Hallmark (Mr. Coppin), and Filda (Mr. Boycott).

Pegasus is regarded in certain quarters as the likely winner, and I rather like it as it has the stamp of a good pony.

It may, however, meet with stern opposition from Flying Dutchman which is good over this distance.

Much as I like Hallmark, I do not think it will be good enough here, but bear it in mind for future races.

The same remark applies to Filda.

FOURTH RACE

Pathway Handicap (First Section): 1-1/2 Miles.

A perusal of the entries in this race for Class 5 ponies gives me the impression that one need not look further than Tiny Grey (Mr. Chuang) to win.

Concord (Mr. Samarcq), in view of its win in the Hongkong Bay Handicap (Second Section) for Class 6 ponies over

the mile at the 7th Race Meeting, will find strong support to see it give Tiny Grey a great fight to the end.

Avoca (Mr. Ostroumoff) should have no difficulty in taking this position.

As an outsider I suggest Ataman (Mr. Nedda).

FIFTH RACE

Hopetful Stakes (Third Section): One Mile.

In this race for the third section of the new Australian Subscription Griffins, I don't think I shall be far wrong in stating that the ponies to watch are Ambition (Mr. H. Chan), Manxman (Mr. Ostroumoff), Same Again (Mr. F. Noodi), and Iping (Mr. Kwock).

Ambition is my choice and I think it should win, but Manxman is not to be ignored.

Same Again and Iping are quite good and will be near at the finish.

I expect to see the finish in the following order: Ambition, Manxman, Same Again and Iping.

SIXTH RACE
Chinese Club Cup: One Mile.

This race is confined to Class 1 ponies. I think the finish will be fought out between Firefly (Mr. Ostroumoff), Fire-Glo (Mr. Pote-Hunt), Sky-master (Mr. Renfrew), and Straight Forward (Mr. Chuang).

Firefly, which won the Hongkong Turf Club Champions at the 6th Race Meeting over 1 1/4 miles, is the best recommendation for a win here.

I expect it to receive stiff opposition from Fire-Glo, which it beat in the race referred to above.

For the third position a great struggle should ensue between Sky-master and Straight Forward.

SEVENTH RACE
Pathway Handicap (Second Section): 1-1/2 Miles.

This race looks as if the finish will be fought out between four ponies only.

Solar Knight (Mr. Chun Kit) has incurred a 4 lbs. penalty in coming second in the Kung-gu Bay Handicap at the last meeting and will undoubtedly be the favorite.

It should have no difficulty in winning.

Airs and Graces (Mr. Samarcq) was third in this same race and should fill second place tomorrow.

For the third position Diamond Queen (Mr. T. S. Leong)

is the choice, but I recommend keeping an eye on My Darling (Mr. Shieh).

EIGHTH RACE

Hopetful Stakes (Fourth Section): One Mile.

This race is for the fourth section of the new Australian Subscription Griffins, and on their training form I believe that the winner will come from among Bubble (Mr. Samarcq), Minola (Mr. Kwock), Precious Mine (Mr. T. S. Leong), and Evening View (Mr. H. C. Pih).

Bubble is easily the best of this bunch and I have no doubt that it will win.

Minola has been whispered of as the "dark horse" in this race, and for those who are prepared to take the risk, a bet each way may turn out to be profitable.

Precious Mine and Evening View are good but I am afraid they are not good enough against the above-mentioned two ponies.

NINTH RACE

Old Course Handicap: From Near The 1-1/2 Mile Post.

Class 6 ponies will try conclusions here in this sprint event.

Judging on its recent form, Giddup (Mr. H. C. Pih) should have no difficulty in winning.

This pony came third in the Aldrich Bay Handicap at the last meeting over six furlongs, but in view of the opposition it should not be fully expected to win.

Harmony (Mr. Samarcq), Beautiful Star (Mr. R. Tsai), should be placed and Air Power (Mr. Oliveira) may be worth following for a place also.

TENTH RACE

Eastern Handicap: From The 2 Mile Post.

The final race of the day will be contested by Class 6 ponies. There is not much to choose from among the entries, although it seems that the finish should be fought out between Easy Siam (Mr. Oliveira) and Eleanor (Mr. R. Tsai), but Rose Emma (Mr. Ostroumoff) must also be considered.

The latter pony should give the other two a good run and possibly win.

Battlefield (Mr. Botelho), on its showing at the last meeting, with Mr. K. S. Shu up, is capable of creating an upset.

Uncle Willie (Mr. Y. K. Tsai) is good, but I am afraid it is not good enough against the better bets in this field.

Proposed Visit Of Middlesex Wanderers To H.K. Discussed

The proposed visit of the Middlesex Wanderers soccer team to the Far East was discussed at a meeting of the Interport Sub-Committee of the Hongkong Football Association held yesterday with Mr. C. S. Wang in the Chair.

Mr. R. M. Omar, Secretary of the Association, said that he received a letter in November last from the Singapore Football Association relative to the proposed tour of the Middlesex Wanderers during May or June 1953. This letter suggested that HKFA take up matters direct with the Middlesex Wanderers.

A reply was sent to the effect that it would not be possible to entertain the Middlesex team here in May or June and suggesting that the tour take place in April. The views of the SAFA were sought, but up to the present no further communication had been received.

Mr. J. C. Gillingham, Chairman of the HKFA, said that a letter which was read at the last Interport Sub-Committee meeting addressed by Mr. J. Gillingham, former Chairman of the Association, mentioned May/June 1953.

Subsequent to this meeting, Mr. Gillingham said he was informed by Mr. Skinner that the Middlesex team could come in April if invited and that the months May/June were meant to indicate the dates at which they could visit Singapore after coming to Hongkong.

It was decided that another letter be written to the SAFA as well as the Hongkong Athletic Association, with a copy to the Middlesex Wanderers, enquiring whether they were prepared to bear a proportion of the cost of bringing the Middlesex Wanderers out to the Far East.

APPROXIMATE COST
The approximate cost of air passage, insurance and pocket

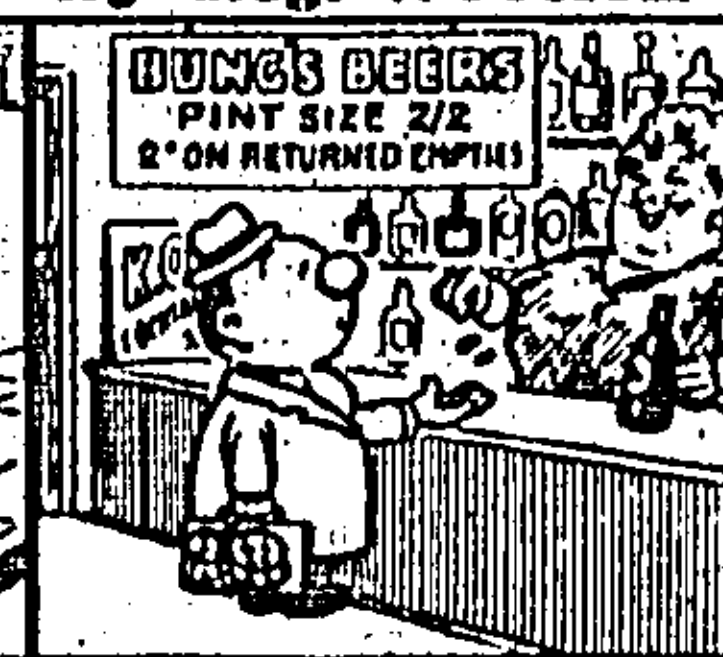
SPORTING SAM



By Reg. Wootton



By Reg. Wootton



PETER WILSON'S COLUMN "IT'S TOUGH ON US," SAYS SEDGMAN

Can anything be more pathetically dog-in-the-mangerish and at the same time spotlight the shamateur side of sport than the rumpus caused by Frank Sedgman's determination to earn his living openly as a lawn tennis player?

Last January, a wedding present of \$5,473 was given to Mrs Sedgman. Now Jean is a sweet and charming girl, but I think she would be the last to imagine that this "millionaire style" present was given to her just for her pretty eyes.

It was, in my opinion, an inducement to restrain Sedgman from forsaking "amateur" lawn tennis.

It succeeded, too — up to a point. Sedgman and, of course, Ken McGregor, who has also now turned professional, were available for this year's Davis Cup which Australia so easily retained.

Now that Sedgman is to get \$35,714, approximately, the recriminations are starting.

MADE CLEAR
Sir Norman Brookes, President of the Australian Lawn Tennis Association, has made it very clear that having failed in his endeavour to keep the two "amateurs" by offering them \$5,000-a-year jobs, the Australian amateur lawn tennis associations are not likely to be very helpful about any subsequent tour Sedgman and McGregor may make in the Commonwealth.

Now it's Sedgman's turn to snarl back. "Frankly, it's a bit tough on us," he says. "I've been a professional for three years, and you would think that Sir Norman would be willing to help us now. I think we should get their help."

Frankly, I should have thought Sedgman had had it at least to the extent of \$5,473.

I don't blame Sedgman for taking \$35,714—blame him! I envy him! — but I equally don't blame anyone who subscribed part of that \$5,473 for thinking they got a pretty short run for their money.

What I do blame is the whole stupid, whitewashed, phoney as a glass eye, false as National Health teeth set-up, in which people like Sir Norman and his possible difference in status between the world's leading "racketeers," no matter what label they like to pin on themselves.

ENTER G MAN
Now here is one for the book. Months ago, in December, I was assailed in certain sections of the American Press and on their radio for suggesting that gangsters ran a lot of the fight business in and around New York.

Almost immediately, Bob Christenberry was appointed chairman of the New York State Athletic Commission in an effort to clean up the "cesspool" which then existed in New York State.

Last May, in Life magazine Christenberry wrote a long article

Big Questions At USLTA Meeting

New York, Jan. 15.

The United States Lawn Tennis Association will hold its annual meeting on Saturday and, as usual, it promises to be a stormy one.

There are two big questions on the agenda:

1. Should Gardner Mulloy be ranked No. 1 in the U.S. as he was by the Ranking Committee last month?

2. Should the eight-week rule, which limits the number of tournaments a player may participate in, be extended?

Walter Pate, the venerable ex-captain of the Davis Cup team, is going to the meeting armed with some arguments for keeping Mulloy at the top and dropping the controversial eight-week rule.

"Mulloy might not be the best player in the country," said the man who brought the Davis Cup back to the United States in 1946. "But was he supposed to be the players on what they showed in tournament competition, and Mulloy was the best."

"Not everyone will agree with me and there probably won't be some discussion, but I don't see how they can put any one else at the top."

Vic Seixas, captain of the Davis Cup team, was ranked No. 2 by the Committee. He'll be the only other one at the convention for the top spot. Associated Press.

Royal H.K. Defence Force Orders

Serial No. 2. Orders issued by Colonel L.T. Ride, CBE, ED, Commandant, Royal Hongkong Defence Force. Dated January 13, 1953.

FORCE ORDERS
Force Order No. 1 dated Jan. 6, 1953. (b) Owing to the large number of entries it has been found necessary to amend the programme as follows: (i) The Annual Rifle Competition will be held on Saturday, Jan. 10, 1953, and Sunday, Jan. 11, 1953. (ii) The Rifle Competition will be held on both days. (iii) The following events will be held on Sunday, Jan. 11, 1953: (a) 100 yds. Rifle Competition. (b) 200 yds. Rifle Competition. (c) 300 yds. Rifle Competition. (d) 400 yds. Rifle Competition. (e) 500 yds. Rifle Competition. (f) 600 yds. Rifle Competition. (g) 700 yds. Rifle Competition. (h) 800 yds. Rifle Competition. (i) 900 yds. Rifle Competition. (j) 1000 yds. Rifle Competition. (k) 1100 yds. Rifle Competition. (l) 1200 yds. Rifle Competition. (m) 1300 yds. Rifle Competition. (n) 1400 yds. Rifle Competition. (o) 1500 yds. Rifle Competition. (p) 1600 yds. Rifle Competition. (q) 1700 yds. Rifle Competition. (r) 1800 yds. Rifle Competition. (s) 1900 yds. Rifle Competition. (t) 2000 yds. 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BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO		
"YUNNAN"	Shanghai	5 p.m. 17th Jan.
"ANKING"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan	10 a.m. 18th Jan.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	3 p.m. 19th Jan.
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	10 a.m. 23rd Jan.
"HANYANG"	Bangkok	10 a.m. 24th Jan.
"FUKING"	Djakarta, Semarang, Sourabaya & Macassar	8 a.m. 26th Jan.
"PAKHOT"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan	10 a.m. 27th Jan.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	3 p.m. 27th Jan.
"SOOCHOW"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	10 a.m. 28th Jan.
"YUNNAN"	Shanghai	10 a.m. 30th Jan.

ARRIVALS FROM

"HUNAN"	Tientsin	20th Jan.
"HANYANG"	Kobe	21/22nd Jan.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	7 a.m. 24th Jan.
"FUKING"	Nagoya	24th Jan.
"PAKHOT"	Bangkok	24th Jan.
"SOOCHOW"	Bangkok	25th Jan.

A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD., JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO		
"CHANGTE"	Sydney & Melbourne	Noon 17th Jan.
"TAIYUAN"	Sydney & Melbourne	24th Jan.
"CHANGSHIA"	Japan	30th Jan.
"ANSIUN"	Sydney & Melbourne	6th Feb.

ARRIVALS FROM

"CHANGTE"	Kure	In Port
"TAIYUAN"	Nagoya	22nd Jan.
"CHANGSHIA"	Australia & Manila	26th Jan.
"ANSIUN"	Australia & Japan	4th Feb.

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said.		
"AGAFENOR"	London, Rotterdam & Hamburg	25th Jan.
"ASCANIUS"	Liverpool & Dublin	25th Jan.
"PYRRHUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	6th Feb.
"AUTOMEDON"	Dublin & Liverpool	23rd Feb.
"ATREUS"	London, Rotterdam & Hamburg	25th Feb.
"PELEUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	6th Mar.

Scheduled Sailings from Europe

Sails	Arrives
G. "PYRRHUS" Liverpool	18th Jan.
S. "CALCHAS" do	23rd Jan.
G. "AUTOMEDON" do	30th Jan.
S. "ATREUS" do	6th Feb.
G. "PELEUS" do	12th Jan.
S. "MENTOR" do	18th Jan.
G. "ALCINOUS" do	25th Jan.
S. "ANTIOCHUS" do	3rd Feb.

G. Leaving Glasgow, before Liverpool.
S. Leaving Swansea, before Liverpool.
Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING FROM U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS.

"AJAX"	19th Jan.
"ANDAMAN"	31st Jan.
SAILING FOR KINGSTON, NEW YORK, via SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES & CRISTOBAL.	
"MENESTHEUS"	20th Jan.
"DONA NATI"	4th Feb.

Cathay Pacific Airways Ltd.

Route	Departs Hongkong	Arrives H.K. (on return)
HK/Singapore (DC-4)	7.30 a.m. Mon. Thurs. 6.45 a.m. Tues. Fri.	6.45 a.m. Tues. Fri.
HK/Bangkok (DC-3)	6.45 a.m. Tues. 4.45 p.m. Thurs.	4.45 p.m. Thurs.
HK/Hongkong (DC-3)	6.45 a.m. Thurs. 4.45 p.m. Tues.	4.45 p.m. Tues.
HK/Singapore/Bangkok (DC-3)	10.45 a.m. Tues. 6.45 p.m. Wed. Sat.	6.45 p.m. Wed. Sat.

All the above subject to Alteration without notice.
For passage and Freight Particulars please apply to

1 CONNAUGHT RD. C. Tel. 30331/8
BRANCH OFFICE: 50 Connaught Rd. West. 25375/32144. 24878.

BEN LINE

ARRIVALS

FROM	DATE
"KING MALCOLM" U.K. via Singapore	In Port
"DENATOW" U.K. via Singapore	10th Jan.
"DENRECH" U.K. via Singapore	22nd Jan.
"DENMHOR" U.K. via Singapore	on or abt. 2nd Feb.
"DENCRUACHAN" U.K. via Singapore	10th Feb.
"DENALDER" U.K. via Singapore	14th Feb.
"DENATOW" U.K. via Singapore	18th Feb.
"DENLEDI" U.K. via Singapore	3rd Mar.

SAILINGS

TO	DATE
"DENATOW" Kure, Kobe and Yokohama	23rd Jan.
"DENRECH" Direct to Singapore, thence Genoa, London, Hull and Hamburg	23rd Jan.
"DENMHOR" Osaka, Kobe, Yokohama, London, Rotterdam and Hull	5th Feb.
"DENCRUACHAN" Direct to Singapore, thence Liverpool, Dublin, Hamburg and Antwerp	11th Feb.
"DENALDER" Kure, Kobe, and Yokohama	17th Feb.
"DENATOW" Direct to Singapore, thence Genoa, London, Rotterdam and Middlesbrough	20th Feb.
"DENLEDI" Direct to Singapore, thence London, Antwerp and Hamburg	7th Mar.

All vessels accept Cargo for Aden, Suez and Port Said.

W. R. LOXLEY & CO., (CHINA) LTD.
York Building. Agents. Telephone: 34105.

CHINA MAIL

HONGKONG PUBLISHED DAILY (AFTERNOON)

Price, 20 cents per copy.
Saturday 30 cents
Subscription: \$6.00 per month.
Postage: China and Macao \$2.00 per month, U.K. British Possessions and other countries \$7.00 per month.
News contributions always welcome. Should be addressed to the Editor, business communications and advertisements to the Secretary, Telephone: 2441 (5 lines).
KOWLOON OFFICE: Salisbury Road, Telephone: 2242.

Classified Advertisements

20 WORDS \$4.00
for 1 DAY PREPAID
ALTERNATE INSERTIONS \$1.50 PER DAY
10 cents PER WORD OVER 20
Births, Deaths, Marriages, Personal \$5.00 per insertion not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents each additional word.
ADDITIONAL INSERTIONS 10% EXTRA
If not prepaid a booking fee of 50 cents is charged.

WANTED KNOWN

DETEN'S BEAUTY SALONS Telephone House, first floor, has imported wedding veil, afternoon, evening dresses, women coats, nylon plicated skirts, 3301.
PLEASE SEND any article you can spare or have no further use for, to be included in the Annual Rummage Sale to be held on behalf of The Hongkong Society for the Protection of Children. Address: B.P.C. Mail Office, First floor, Gloucester Building. Please send something.

TUITION GIVEN

BALLROOM DANCING: "Tap" Dances, Latin American, dances, new advanced variations start immediately, preparation for parties. Tsing Wong, 60, Wengchong Road.

POSITIONS VACANT

ABOUT YOUR FUTURE. Send for famous Guide to Careers and details of Diplomatic Courses in all Commercial and General Education subjects. Britain's foremost post-graduate School, established over forty years, can see you on the Direct Way to Success. Get your copy of the Free Guide to Careers—write today to The School of Accountancy, 202, Regent House, 6, Norfolk Street, Strand, London, W.C.2.

MUSICAL

USED "BRAMHACH" baby grand piano with stool \$2,500.00. American organ with 10 couplers \$750.00. In good condition. Beautiful tone, can be seen at Myfair Music Company, 131, Queen's Road Central, (1st floor) telephone 2242.

JUST ARRIVED of well known English pianos, including upright, "Lipovox" electronic keyboards complete with amplifier, fitted in handsome carrying case. Beautiful tone. Also percussion instruments. Inspection invited to Myfair Music Co., 131, Queen's Road Central, Tel. 2242.

NOTICE

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF PROBABE JURISDICTION
IN THE GOODS of Michael Sergeevich Plaskin, late of Shanghai, China Sea Captain, deceased.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Court has by virtue of Section 25 of the Probate and Administration Ordinance 1927, made an Order limiting the claims of creditors and others to send in their claims against the above estate to the 3rd day of February 1953.

All creditors and others are accordingly hereby required to send their claims to the undersigned on or before that date.
Dated the 9th day of January, 1953.
WILKINSON & GHIST Solicitors for the Administrator of the estate of the abovesaid deceased.
No. 3 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES
Consignees per "RING MALCOLM" are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company's wharves and subject to the Wharf's terms and conditions of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns for examination by Consignees and the Company's goods are examined.
Signed on 10 a.m. 20th January, 1953.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations Consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer's godown, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 21st January, 1953, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Company on or before the 4th January, 1953, or they will not be recognized.
No Fire Insurance will be effected.

W. R. LOXLEY & CO., (CHINA) LTD. Agents.
Hongkong, 15th January, 1953.

NOTICE

THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

Ordinary Yearly General Meeting

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Ordinary Yearly General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Corporation will be held at the Head Office of the Corporation, 1 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong, on Friday the 27th day of February, 1953, at 11.30 a.m. for the purpose of receiving and considering the reports of the Directors and of the Auditors and the Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st December, 1952, and for the election of Directors and the appointment of Auditors.

The Register of Shares of the Corporation will be closed from Friday, the 13th of February to Friday, the 27th of February, 1953, (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board,
A. MORSE, Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 13th Jan., 1953.

To ADVERTISERS

SUNDAY POST-HERALD
Space for commercial advertising should be booked not later than noon on Wednesdays.

For the SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST and the CHINA MAIL, 48 hours before date of publication.

Special Announcements and Classified Advertisements as usual.

ACTION AGAINST DESERTERS

Washington, Jan. 15.
The Army High Command has ordered its area commanders to take more vigorous action against soldiers who desert in the U.S. or go Absent Without Leave.

The treatment includes arrangements to ship them overseas, if qualified for service there, from prisoner stockades.

A Pentagon spokesman today confirmed issuance of the order as a follow-up to the January 6 statement by Lieutenant-General Anthony J. McAuliffe, the Army's Assistant Chief of Staff for Personnel, regarding army desertions.

Gen. McAuliffe said that 40,000 enlisted men had deserted since the start of the Korean war and that all of these except 11,000 had been picked up or had returned to duty voluntarily. He said desertion was not an alarming problem but many commanders were disturbed about the rate of short-term absence without leave.

President Truman has expressed shock at the number of desertions and declared they were to blame in large part on what he called politically-inspired attacks against the Administration's Korean war policy.

The issuance of the new order was disclosed by the Louisville Courier-Journal in a story today quoting Colonel John E. Fye, Public Information Officer for the Second Army at Fort George G. Meade, Maryland.

The Courier-Journal said the new order means that stockades will become processing points for overseas service if the prisoner soldiers are qualified and that a court martial sentence no longer can be used as a means of avoiding combat.

Gen. McAuliffe in his discussion of deserters and AWOLs last week said one method authorized is for short terms to be promptly court-martialed and escorted to a port of embarkation whereupon the remainder of army confinement sentence is remanded.—Associated Press.

P&O B.I. E&A COMPANIES

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S.N. CO.

PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Leaves London	Due Hongkong
"CORFU"	6th January	6th February
"CHUBAN"	20th January	17th February
"CANTON"	6th February	6th March
Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore		
Homewards	Leaves Hongkong	Due London
"CANTON"	10th January	10th February
"CORFU"	11th February	14th March
"CHUBAN"	21st February	20th March
"CANTON"	13th March	13th April

Freight Service

Outwards From U.K.	Due	For
"SUKAT"	14th February	Japan
Homewards	Sails	For
"SHILLONG"	3rd February	Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Port Said, Genoa, Marseilles, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam & Hamburg

With liberty to call at Bombay if inducement offers with liberty to call at Belawan before or after Straits Ports.

Tanks available for carriage of Oil in Bulk. Space for refrigerated cargo. Limited Passenger accommodation.

BRITISH INDIA S.N. CO., LTD.

"SIRDEHANA"	due 10th Jan.	from Japan for Straits, Rangoon & Calcutta
"SANTHA"	due 6th Feb.	from Japan for Straits, Rangoon & Calcutta

P. & O. B. I. JOINT-SERVICE

"ORMARA"	due 29th Jan.	from P. Gulf Karachi, Bombay, Colombo, & Singapore
"ORHILA"	sails 21st Jan.	for Japan
"ORHILA"	due 23rd Jan.	from Japan for Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi, Rangoon & P. Gulf
"ORHILA"	sails 24th Jan.	Port via Bombay
"OBRA"	due 25th Jan.	from P. Gulf Karachi, Bombay, Colombo & Singapore
"OBRA"	sails 26th Jan.	for Japan

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

"EASTERN"	sails 26th Jan.	for Brisbane, Sydney, Melbourne & Adelaide
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All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route & the route & sailing are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

For full particulars apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
OF HONG KONG LTD.
Telephone Nos. 27721-4.

MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

By Leo Falk and Phil Davis



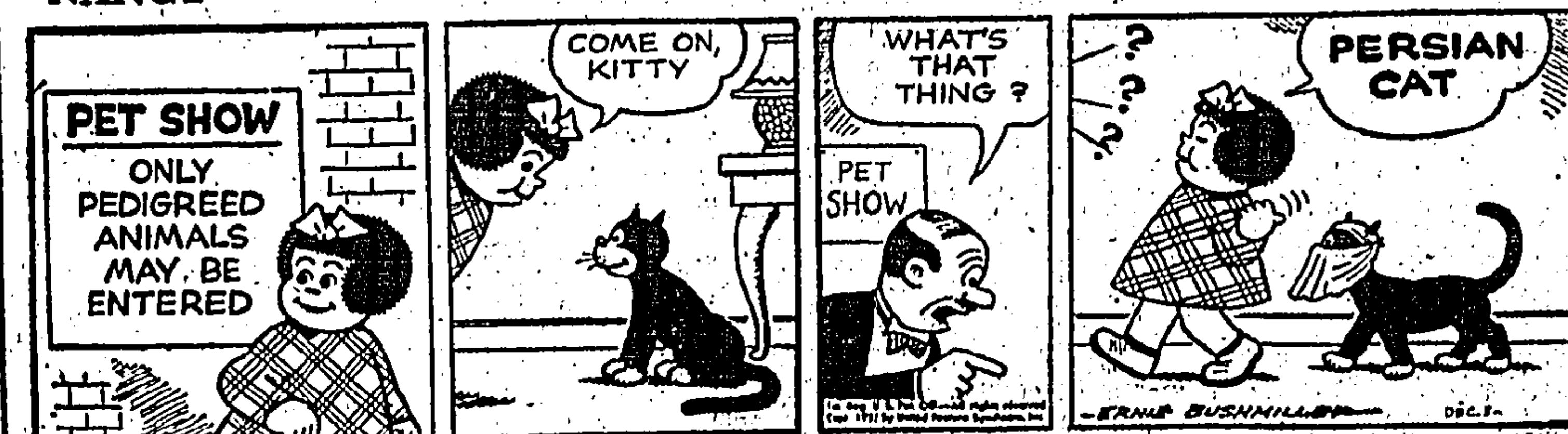
FERD'NAND

Wasted Effort



NANCY

It's All In What You Wear



JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



SOLDIER WHO SLEPT AT POST

Fort Meade, Md., Jan. 10.
Pfc. Warren G. McConnell, 21-year-old soldier from Alloway, N.J., who had been on duty continuously for 72 hours when he went to sleep at his post in Korea 14 months ago.

He was sentenced to 10 years at hard labour by a Seventh Division court martial in Korea but this was reversed last August by the Military Court of Appeals in Washington, a civilian panel which is the Supreme Court of the Armed Forces.

McConnell, who was 20 at the time, pleaded that he had been on duty continuously for 72 hours when he went to sleep at his post in Korea 14 months ago.

His conviction and sentence was upset on a technicality after a defence lawyer had challenged on seven grounds the "appeals panel" found that the counsel to the court martial, the prosecutor, unfairly conferred with the court while the accused was not present.

Young McConnell got his second chance largely through the efforts of his father, an Alloway millwright who has seven other children.

The father organized a Citizens' Committee to last February and March, got 50,000 signatures on a protest petition sent to Washington, raised funds at a mass meeting, and hired a lawyer to look into the case.

The Army has rounded up most of the "witnesses" who testified in the first trial, and December 10, 1951, most of them are back from Korea and live in this area.

Pfc. McConnell has been stationed at Fort Meade since the first verdict was reversed, not under confinement.—Associated Press.

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MESSAGERIES MARITIMES



	Arriving	Leaving	Onward For
"FRY-HILL"	Jan. 20	Jan. 20	Japan
"LA MARSEILLAISE"	Feb. 24	Feb. 25	Yokohama & Kobe
			Homeward For
"BREST"	Feb. 9	Feb. 10	N. Africa & Europe
"FRY-HILL"	Mar. 2	Mar. 2	N. Africa & Europe
"LA MARSEILLAISE"	Mar. 7	Mar. 8	Marseilles via Manila

For passenger and freight.
For freight to Saigon, Marseilles, Algiers, Tangier, Casablanca, Havre, Dunkirk, Antwerp & Rotterdam.
Accepting cargo:
—via Marseilles to all Mediterranean & West Africa Ports.
—via Djibouti to Madagascar.
Subject To Change Without Notice.

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Queen's Building (gr. floor) Tel. 26651 (8 lines).

EVERETT LINES

EVERETT ORIENT LINE

Fast regular freight—refrigerator—passenger service to Korea, Japan, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Rangoon, Calcutta and Chittagong.

"LENEVERETT"

Arrives Jan. 18 from Manila.
Sails Jan. 19 for Singapore, Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta.

"BRADEVERETT"

Arrives Jan. 30 from Manila.
Sails Jan. 31 for Singapore, Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta.

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Kobe/Fusan and Kobe/Okinawa)

EVERETT STAR LINE

Fast regular freight—refrigerator—passenger service to Korea, Japan, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports.

"STAR ALCYONE"

Arrives Jan. 23 from Singapore.
Sails Jan. 24 for Kobe & Yokohama.

M.S. "STAR BETELGEUSE"

Arrives Jan. 24 from Japan.
Sails Jan. 25 for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Madras, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi, Kharraam-shahr, Basrah & Bahrain.

(Accepting cargo for transshipment
Kobe/Fusan and Kobe/Okinawa)

EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION S/A
Queen's Building, Telephone 31206.
Chinese Department: Telephone 28293.

The Rubber Markets

London, Jan. 15.
The rubber market was uncertain. Prices closed as follows:
Number 1 rubber, 21-24 1/2
in pence per lb. 21-24 1/2
February 21-24 1/2
March 21-24 1/2
April/June 21-24 1/2
July/September 21-24 1/2
—United Press.

NEW YORK MARKET

New York, Jan. 15.
Prices of rubber futures closed 10 points higher to 5 points lower with sales totalling 41 contracts.
March 20 25-26 1/2
May 20 25-26 1/2
July 20 25-26 1/2
September 20 25-26 1/2
December 20 25-26 1/2
Spot 20 25-26 1/2
—United Press.

LONDON TIN MARKET

London, Jan. 15.
The tin market was steady and quiet this morning. Turnover was 30 tons, including 15 tons for cash and 15 tons for late January. Prices closed at the end of the official morning session as follows:
Spot tin, buyers 95 1/2
Spot tin, sellers 95 1/2
Business done at 95 1/2
Three-months tin, buyers 94 1/2
Three-months tin, sellers 94 1/2
Business done at 94 1/2
Settlement 94 1/2
—United Press.

Weekly Bank Statement

London, Jan. 15.
The Bank of England statement for the week ending January 14 reads as follows:
Notes in circulation £1,412,952,000
Public deposits £1,105,000,000
Private deposits £1,070,000,000
Government securities £1,000,000,000
Other securities £1,000,000,000
Bank ratio 100
—United Press.

HONGKONG SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Stock Exchange this morning amounted to \$360,230. Noon quotations and the morning's transactions:

SHARES BUYERS SELLERS SALES
HSK Bank 1400 1420 50 @ 1420

INSURANCES
Union 700 707 1/2 570 @ 703
Underwriters 5 22

DOCKS, ETC.
K. Y. Wharf 91 1/2 100 @ 91
N. P. Wharf 6 1/2 100 @ 6 1/2
Sui Hai 1 1/2 100 @ 1 1/2

Whitelock 740 755 500 @ 745
(215) 242 1/2 400 @ 74

LAND, ETC.
HSK Hotel 710 725
HSK Land (O) 50 1/2 200 @ 51
Sui Hai Land 1 1/2

UTILITIES
Tian 22 22 500 @ 22 22

Star Ferry 117 110 100 @ 110
C. Light (O) 0 1/2 100 @ 0 1/2
Electric 23 1/2 100 @ 23 1/2
Telephone 19 1/2 100 @ 19 1/2

INDUSTRIALS
Cement 18 1/2 500 @ 18 1/2
Walled 20 1/2 100 @ 20 1/2

STORES, ETC.
Daily 18 1/2 100 @ 18 1/2
L. Crawford 20 30
COTTONS
Two 2 1/2

Business was done in the local unofficial exchange market this morning at the following rates:
U.S. dollar (per \$1) 60 1/2
Siam dollar (per 100) 23 1/2
Siam local (per 100) 23 1/2
Singapore (Straits) 11 1/2
S.E. dollars (per 100) 11 1/2

Exchange Rates

Business was done in the local unofficial exchange market this morning at the following rates:
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Exchange Rates

Temporary Extension Of U.S. Foreign Trade Bill Believed Possible

SPECULATION IN WASHINGTON

British Drive For Capital

Canberra, Jan. 15.
Australia's Commerce Minister, John McEwen, said today that Britain would scrap the bottom of the barrel to produce capital for the Commonwealth development needed to meet commitments at the recent London Commonwealth Prime Ministers' Conference.
A private group would also try to persuade funds for development loans to Commonwealth countries, he said.—Reuter.

Export Of U.S. Farm Products

Washington, Jan. 15.
Secretary Charles Brannan, in his final report as head of the U.S. Agriculture Department, said today farmers face restrictions on production unless they can keep big foreign markets built up by World War II.

"American agriculture," he said, "is looked up to export at the highest rate in our history." After expending to record proportions during and after World War II, exports of many farm products started declining in 1952. Foreign trade restrictions, a shortage of dollars abroad, and a reduction in U.S. economic aid to foreign countries contributed to this decline.

Brannan said American production of tobacco, wheat, cotton, lard, dried and fresh fruits can be maintained at the present levels only if exports ranging from 25 to 50 per cent of total production of these commodities can be achieved.

The alternative to maintaining the present level of exports, the cabinet official said, "would appear to be the re-institution of production allotments and a general cut back all along the line with all of the inevitable and unpleasant consequences which such action would have for the American economy as a whole."

Brannan said many foreign countries, historically among America's most important markets for farm products, have built up "an increasingly complex web of controls on imports and exchange." These actions, he said, are making it difficult to find markets for surplus farm products.

PRICE SUPPORT

In his report to the President, the Secretary praised farm price support programmes developed under the Franklin D. Roosevelt and the Truman administrations. He said, nevertheless, these programmes have "grave weaknesses in that they provide no satisfactory method for supporting producer prices of non-storable and perishable commodities, such as meats, dairy and poultry products, fruits and vegetables."

Present supports are largely limited to such products as grains, cotton, tobacco and peanuts, which can be stored. A satisfactory method, Mr. Brannan said, "would be one which would make perishables available to consumers at prevailing market prices, would benefit producers by working more directly for their interest, and would benefit the nation by permitting full consumption of perishables in large-production years."

Mr. Brannan did not mention it, but this definition fitted a proposal he advanced in 1949 and which became known as "The Brannan Plan." It was rejected by Congress.

Under the Brannan Plan, prices of perishables would be allowed to move freely under influences of supply and demand. When prices dropped below a pre-determined support level, the government would produce through subsidy payments from the Treasury.

The incoming Eisenhower administration is committed to development of price support programmes for perishables. Looking beyond present farm problems, Mr. Brannan said agriculture faces a task in meeting food needs of its increasing population.

"Can our agriculture meet the challenge?" he asked. "Given favourable conditions, the answer must be resoundingly affirmative. It would be as great an error to underestimate the future capacity of our agriculture as it would be to underestimate the future requirements of our people." Associated Press.

NY Cotton Prices

New York, Jan. 15.
Prices of cotton futures closed today as follows:
Spot 22 1/2 nominal
March 22 1/2 nominal
May 22 1/2 nominal
July 22 1/2 nominal
September 22 1/2 nominal
December 22 1/2 nominal
March 22 1/2 nominal
May 22 1/2 nominal
July 22 1/2 nominal
September 22 1/2 nominal
December 22 1/2 nominal
—United Press.

Washington, Jan. 15.
Informed Congressional sources are beginning to speak of the possibility that no positive action other than temporary extension will be taken on the Reciprocal Trade Bill which is due to expire on June 30.

Under the law the U.S. can cut import duties as much as 75 per cent in return for concessions received from other nations on customs duties.

Some Democrats believe that the question of foreign trade should be taken in conjunction with the Mutual Security Agency programme rather than as a separate and distinct project as it has been in the past.

The slogan "Trade not aid" has been cited with increasing frequency by many public officials and private interest groups such as farm federations and some union groups.

With the gradual lessening, and an eventual end, of economic aid by the U.S. to the European nations, these officials feel that the trade programme must be revised to fill the remaining dollar gap.

The Republican Party, which will take control of the National Administration on January 20, is known traditionally as a "protectionist" party. Some of its members—including many members of Congress—still favour the outright repeal of the trade programme with general increases in tariffs on all products imported into competition with domestic industry but it is believed that the majority of Republicans are convinced of the need of maintaining a large-scale foreign trade and of the fact that it cannot be maintained without admitting an amount of imports about equal to exports or continuing indefinitely the post-war policy of dollar grants to all the gap.

GENERAL TRUISM

It is generally true that many members of Congress favour reciprocal trade in principle as long as it does not curtail the activities of their particular constituents. Thus a member from a region such as New England, for example, which contains a large concentration of textile manufacturers, might be likely to favour low tariffs generally but high duties on textiles.

If a large enough number of members sponsor exceptions for the particular products of their own regions, the resulting bill might very well contain more exceptions than it does provisions.

There has been a growing tendency in recent years to attempt to get such exceptions in the bill or to sponsor separate legislation affecting certain industries, although so far few of these efforts have succeeded. Mr. Dwight Eisenhower, who will be inaugurated President on January 20, is known to favour liberal foreign trade. But whether the Congress will side with him is not yet known.

POSSIBLE MOVE

It is believed quite possible that the Trade Act will be given simply a temporary extension, pending more complete study. The study might be done by a congressional committee or by a bipartisan commission appointed either by the President or by the Congress.

The latter plan was formally recommended by the American Farm Bureau which was concerned about the recent decrease in U.S. exports.

The Bureau voted at its convention recently to recommend a one-year extension of the Act plus the appointment of a commission to survey the problem in conjunction with mutual security and to report back to Congress with specific recommendations.—United Press.

TRADE PROSPECTS

Washington, Jan. 15.
Prospects are that the United States foreign trade will continue at about the present volume through this year but officials foresee that prices of many basic commodities will be influenced by the policies and legislation of the new Eisenhower Administration.

The basic laws affecting international commerce will be up for review in the early months of the 83rd Congress, including extension of the Reciprocal Trade Act, commodities price controls and the size of foreign aid appropriations. Congress must decide whether to recommend continuation of the International Wheat Agreement beyond the present marketing year or whether to encourage imports of strategic materials at higher prices than the domestic prices and how to implement the campaign promises for expanding exports of agricultural commodities.

With a transition of government from the Democratic Party's traditionally low tariffs to the Republican Party's historic "protectionist" policy there is inevitably much international

Debate On Aid Funds

New York, Jan. 15.

Both on Capitol Hill in Washington and at the Eisenhower headquarters here they are reported to be debating today: How many more billions of American dollars do U.S. allies actually need as economic and military aid?

President Harry Truman has asked that Congress approve another \$7,500,000,000 for spending in the future. Actual spending in the current fiscal year will be around \$5,750,000,000.

But some Republican lawmakers say that about \$5,500,000,000 that Congress already has appropriated for foreign aid remains unspent and available now. And they ask why \$7,500,000,000 more must be added before the money available is used up.

Fiscal authorities, meanwhile, say that in recent months the "dollar gap" has been shrinking—that other nations' reserves of gold and dollars have been growing, so that economic aid is not the acute need it was in the earlier post-war years.

The Department of Commerce reports that other nations gained more than \$1,000,000,000 in gold and dollar assets in transactions with the United States in the six months ended last September—a period in which some \$2,500,000,000 of economic and military aid was given by the United States.

SENATOR'S VIEWS

Washington, Jan. 15.
Senator William E. Jenner, retiring Chairman of the Finance Committee, said in an interview today he believed that the new Congress will renew the Reciprocal Trade Agreement Act with little change.

The law gives the Government power to cut import duties as much as 75 per cent on certain commodities.

Senator Jenner is a democrat and therefore is in the minority in the new Congress, but his comment is significant since many in his party fear that the majority Republicans would kill or severely hamper the Trade Act.

Senator Jenner's comment was made in an interview with the magazine "U.S. News and World Report." Asked if he thought that the Act would be extended beyond the present expiry date in June with only moderate changes, he replied: "I think so. There is not much disposition to repeal or eliminate provisions in it. Some of them are not so workable, but for the most part I think the Reciprocal Trade Agreement Act will be extended with only minor modifications."

Asked if he thought there might be more insurance or protection for industries which are hurt by war conditions, he replied: "I think that is right. I think it is more an administrative problem now."

The Administration has power to invoke the escape clauses in cases of individual commodities when the domestic industry can show that it was damaged by competitive imports. In practice, however, few such cases have been proven to the satisfaction of the Government.—United Press.

New York Sugar Futures

New York, Jan. 15.
World sugar futures closed unchanged to 3 points higher with sales totalling 150 contracts.
Contract No. 6 closed unchanged to 2 points lower with sales totalling 184 contracts.

Contract No. 4 (world)

March 32 1/2 bid
May 32 1/2 bid
July 32 1/2 bid
September 32 1/2 bid
October 32 1/2 bid
November 32 1/2 bid
December 32 1/2 bid
March 32 1/2 bid
May 32 1/2 bid
July 32 1/2 bid
September 32 1/2 bid
October 32 1/2 bid
November 32 1/2 bid
December 32 1/2 bid
—United Press.

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"TJIPONDOK" Jan. 22	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TJIBANTJET" Jan. 22	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TJIWANGI" Jan. 22	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TASIAN" Feb. 4	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"BOISEVAIN" Feb. 4	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"STRAAT" Feb. 7	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"MAKASSAR" Feb. 7	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TJIKAMPEK" Feb. 7	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TJIMENTENO" Feb. 17	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TILUWANG" Feb. 17	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"BOISEVAIN" Feb. 22	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TJIBANTJET" Feb. 22	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TAMMAN" Feb. 22	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TJIWANGI" Feb. 22	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"STRAAT BOENDA" Mar. 4	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TJIBODAS" Mar. 4	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TILUWANG" Mar. 17	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TAMMAN" Mar. 17	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TJIBANTJET" Mar. 17	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"MAKASSAR" Mar. 22	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TJIPONDOK" Mar. 22	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TJIWANGI" Apr. 2	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TJIPANAR" Apr. 3	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli

ARRIVALS	From
"TILUWANG" In Port	Macassar, Surabaya, Semarang, Remarung, Djakarta & Singapore
"TAMMAN" In Port	Macassar, Surabaya, Semarang, Remarung, Djakarta & Singapore
"TJITALENGKA" Jan. 20	Macassar, Surabaya, Semarang, Remarung, Djakarta & Singapore
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PRODUCTION Volkswagen

OF RICE Popular

IN CEYLON In Canada

Colombo, Jan. 15.
Ceylon has told the Food and Agriculture Organisation that the island expects to produce next year about 23,000,000 bushels of paddy more than in 1952.

Ceylon's target for next year has been set at 30,000,000 bushels of paddy or 350,000 tons of rice.

Ceylon's Minister of Agriculture, in giving these figures, has requested the FAO to give all possible assistance to carry out the Government's food production campaign.

The FAO has also been told that no land will be allowed to fallow without being cultivated with some type of food crop.

Steps that are being taken by the Government to produce more paddy include intensive methods of cultivation, the use of pure line seed paddy, transplanting, weeding and manuring. The use of tractors in dry zone ploughing for giving better yields is specially mentioned as a new step towards the intensified scheme of cultivation.—United Press.

Steel Output In U.S.

New York, Jan. 15.
December steel production in the U.S. was the highest ever attained in that month, and output in the first three months of 1953 was higher than any other quarter on record, the American Iron and Steel Institute reported today. Steel production in all of 1952 was the third highest on record.

The December output was 9,983,000 net tons, compared with the revised November output of 9,432,000 tons. The increase over December, 1951, was 722,000 tons or nearly nine per cent.—Associated Press.

On the other hand, plans by the U.S. Government to give the metal its real value as currency in several Asiatic nations contribute to make Mexico's position even better, it added. A spokesman declared that while there is ever-increasing silver demand in the New York market, the U.S. Defense Department is using fantastic amounts of its atomic projects. This will mean eventually that Mexico will make larger sales.—United Press.

Silver Outlook In Mexico

Mexico City, Jan. 15.
Mexican silver production has a bright future since world output is not in a position to satisfy demand, the Mexican Mining Chamber said.

